



*TOMORROW  
starts here.*

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# IBNS 2.0: New-style 802.1X and More

BRKSEC-2691

Hariprasad Holla  
Technical Marketing Engineer, Cisco

#clmel

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# Secure Access Sessions

## **BRKSEC-2690 - Deploying Security Group Tags**

- 105, Wednesday 18 Mar 1:00 PM - 2:30 PM by Kevin Regan - Product Manager, Cisco

## **BRKSEC-2699 - Securing Your Network Simply with TrustSec**

- 212, Wednesday 18 Mar 1:00 PM - 2:30 PM by Brandon Johnson - Systems Engineer, Cisco

## **BRKSEC-2044 - Building an Enterprise Access Control Architecture Using ISE and TrustSec**

- 207, Thursday 19 Mar 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM by Imran Bashir - Technical Marketing Engineer, Cisco

## **BRKSEC-2691 - IBNS 2.0: New style 802.1X and more**

- 207, Thursday 19 Mar 4:30 PM - 6:00 PM by Hariprasad Holla - Technical Marketing Engineer, Cisco

## **BRKSEC-3045 - Advanced ISE and Secure Access Deployment**

- 204, Friday 20 Mar 8:45 AM - 10:45 AM by Jatin Sachdeva - Consulting Systems Engineer, Cisco

## **BRKSEC-3690 - Advanced Security Group Tags: The Detailed Walk Through**

- 203, Friday 20 Mar 8:45 AM - 10:45 AM by Darrin Miller - Distinguished Technical Marketing Engineer, Cisco

## **BRKSEC-3697 - Advanced ISE Services, Tips and Tricks**

- 207, Friday 20 Mar 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM by Jason Kunst - Technical Marketing Engineer, Cisco



# Short History of Identity Services

In the Dark Ages,  
there was only  
IEEE 802.1X



**IEEE 802.1X**  
( EAPoLAN )  
( EAPoWLAN )

Then we had MAB,  
Web Authentication,  
Auth-Fail VLAN, Guest  
VLAN, Flex-Auth,  
Deployment Modes  
and other features



**IBNS**  
( Identity Based  
Networking Services )

We now have new way of  
doing Identity based  
access, with features like  
Critical ACL, Concurrent  
Authentication, Templates,  
and more.



**IBNS 2.0**  
( Identity Based  
Networking Services 2.0 )

# Agenda

- Identity networking
- IBNS 2.0
- IBNS 2.0 Features
- Troubleshooting IBNS 2.0
- Additional things to know
- Conclusion



Icons to  
remember



For Your  
Reference



Cisco Secure ACS /  
Generic RADIUS Server



Cisco ISE



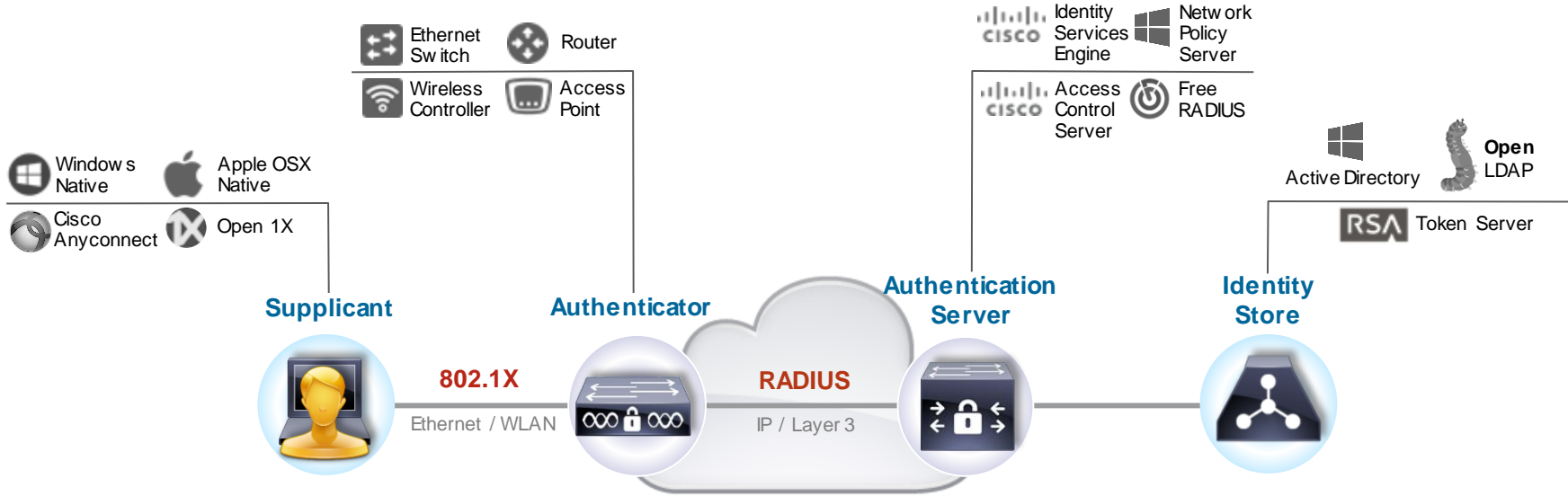
Real-world Scenario



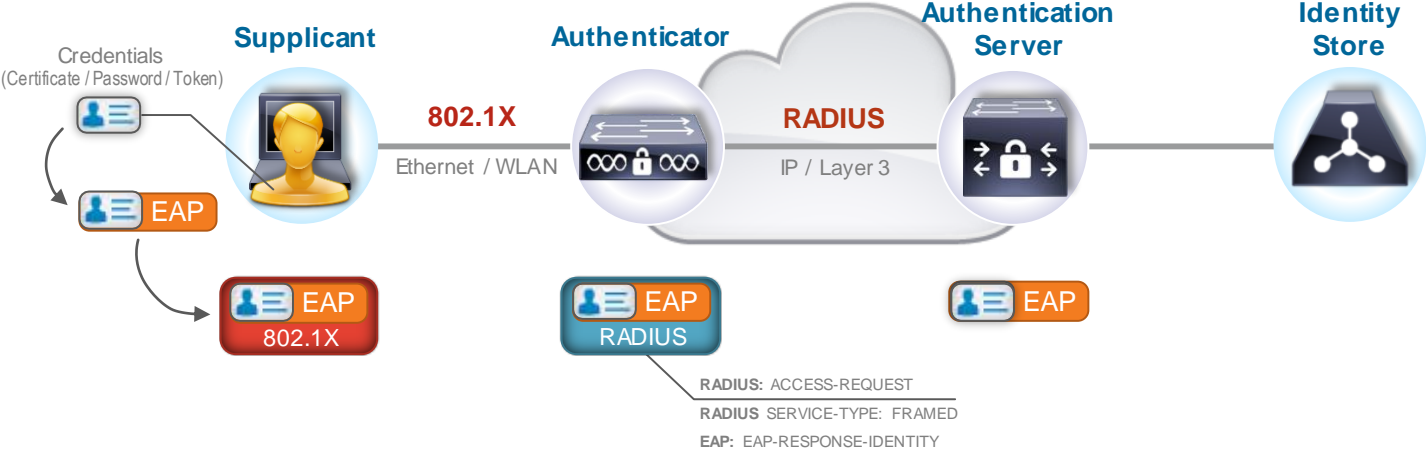


# Identity Networking

# Fundamentals of 802.1X

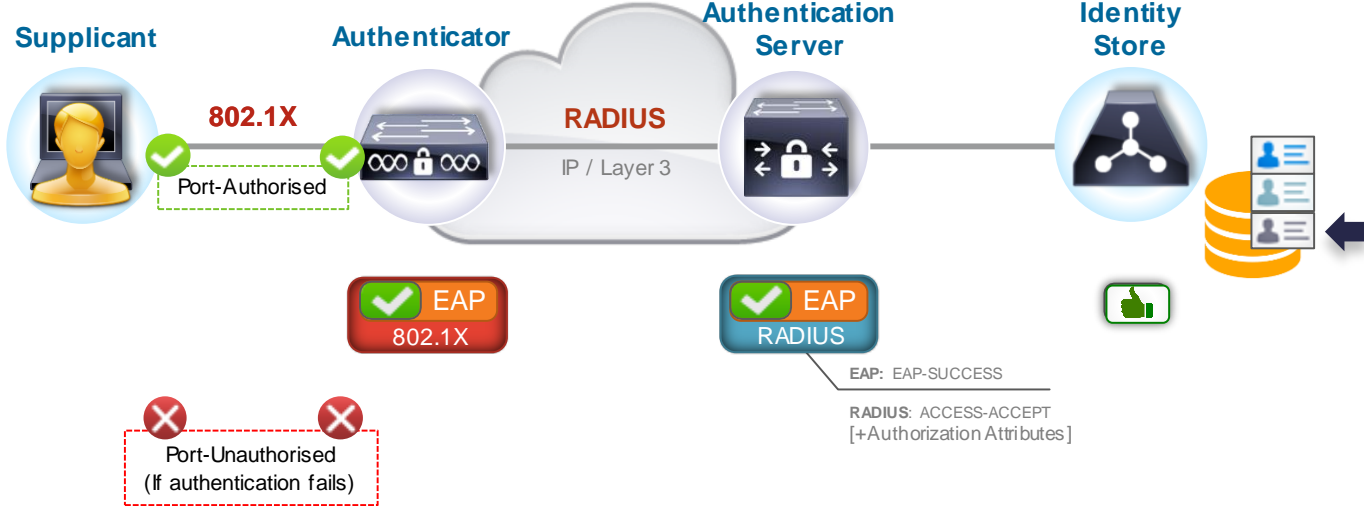


# Fundamentals of 802.1X



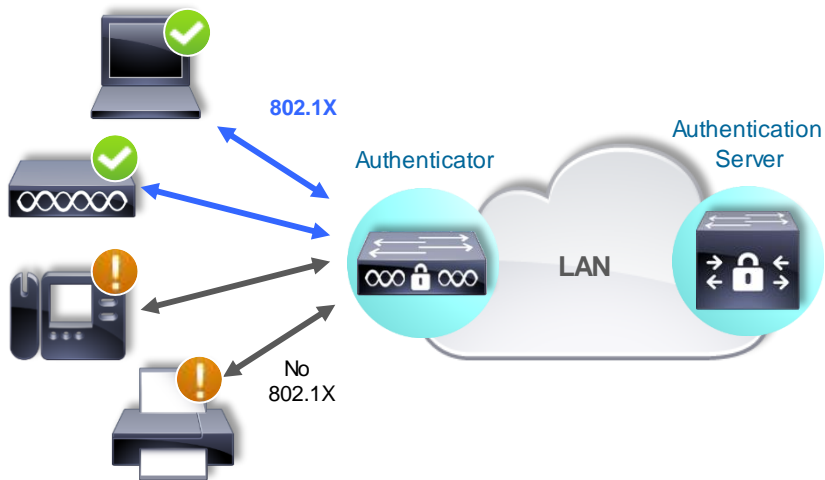


# Fundamentals of 802.1X

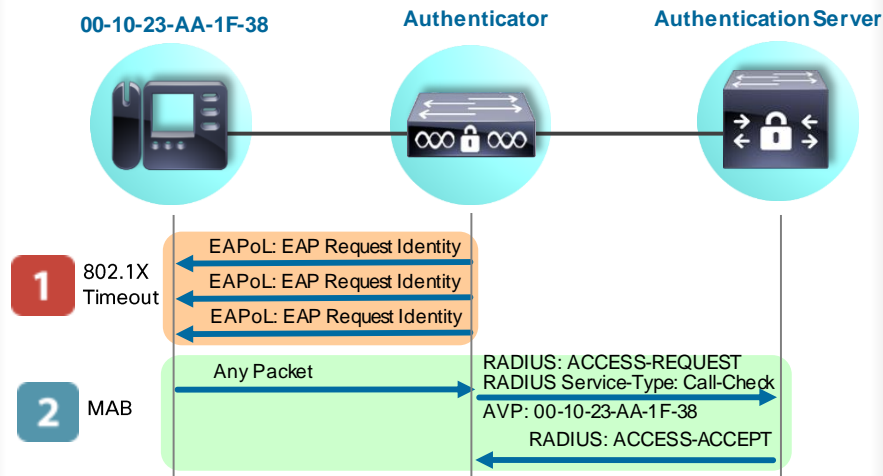


# MAC Authentication Bypass

Endpoints without supplicant will fail 802.1X authentication!



Bypassing “Known” MAC Addresses



MAC Authentication Bypass (MAB) requires a MAC database timeout

MAB may cause delayed network access due to EAP

# Authorisation Options

Beyond ACCESS-ACCEPTs and ACCESS-REJECTs

## Dynamic VLAN Assignments



## Access Control Lists

(Downloadable ACLs / Named ACLs)



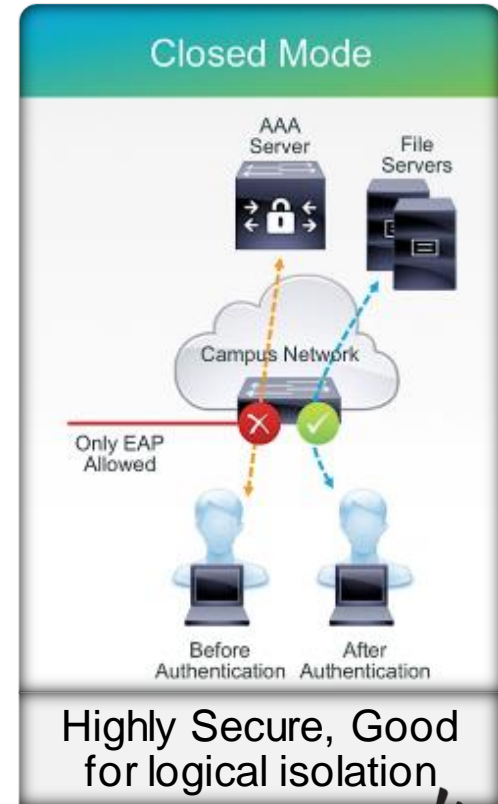
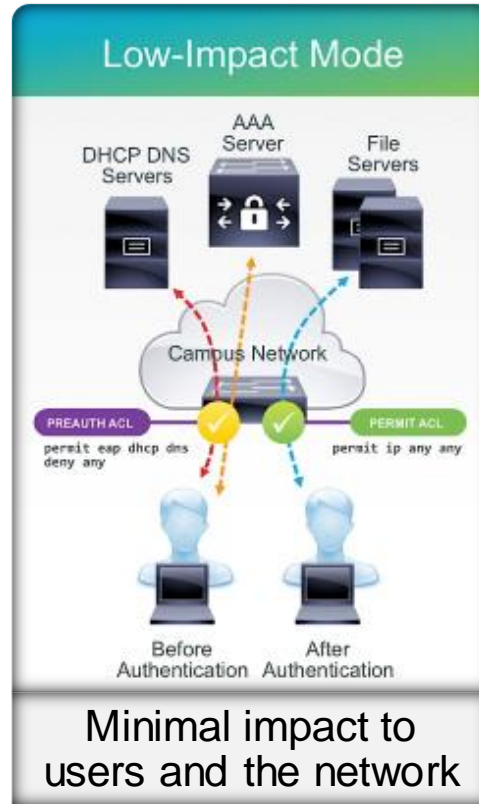
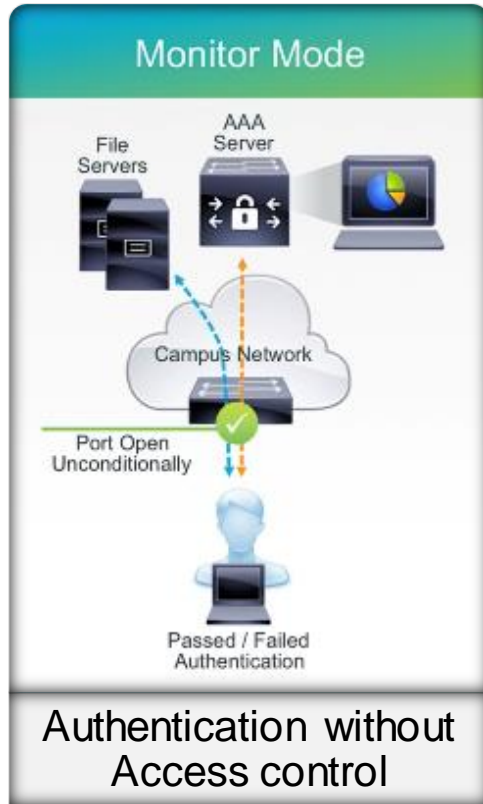
## Security Group Tag (SGT)

SGT, SXP Transport | SGACL, SGFW Enforcement  
(More on SGTs: BRKSEC-2690, BRKSEC-3690)

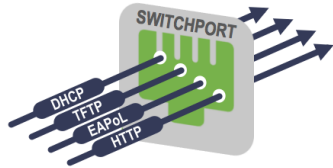




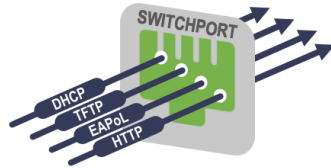
# Three Proven Deployment Modes



# Start with Monitor Mode



Before Authentication



After Authentication

*Traffic always allowed irrespective of authentication status*

## MONITOR MODE : GOALS

- No impact to existing network access
- See
  - What is on the network
  - Who has a supplicant
  - Who has good credentials
  - Who has bad credentials
- Deterrence through accountability

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
switchport access vlan 100
switchport mode access
switchport voice vlan 10
authentication host-mode multi-auth
authentication open
authentication port-control auto
authentication mab
dot1x pae authenticator
authentication violation restrict
```

} Monitor  
Mode  
} Basic  
1X/MAB

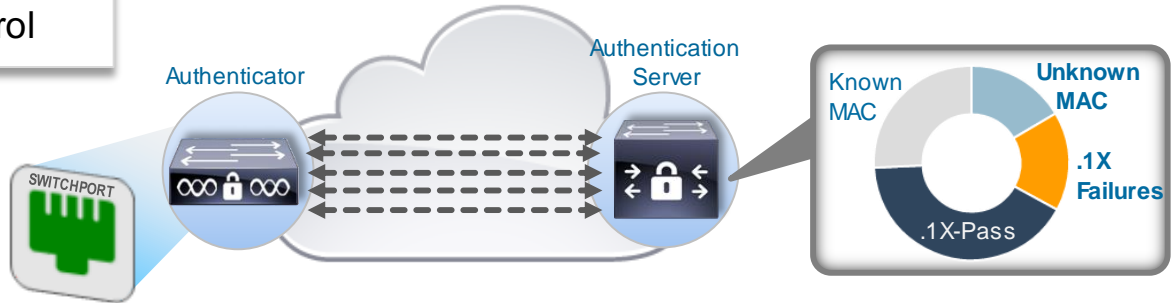
## MONITOR MODE : CONFIGURATION

- Enable 802.1X and MAB
- Enable Open Access
  - All traffic in addition to EAP is allowed Like not having 802.1X enabled except authentications still occur
- Enable Multi-Auth host mode
- No Authorisation

# Monitor Mode – Next Steps

## MONITOR MODE : NEXT STEPS

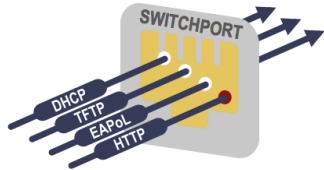
- Improve Accuracy
- Evaluate Remaining Risk
- Leverage Information
- Prepare for Access Control



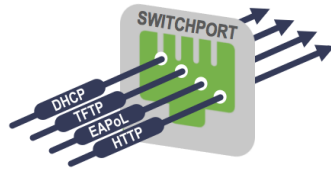
- RADIUS Authentication & Accounting Logs
- Passed / Failed 802.1X  
(Who has bad credentials? Misconfigurations?)
- Passed / Failed MAB attempts  
(What don't I know?)



# Low Impact Mode



Before Authentication



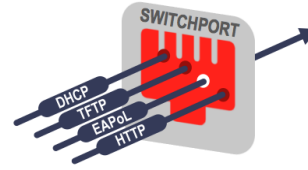
After Authentication

*Pre-Auth and Post-Auth Access controlled by IP ACLs*

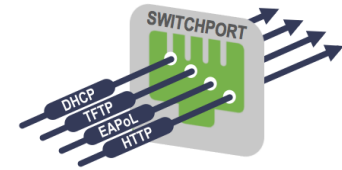
## LOW-IMPACT MODE : GOALS

- Begin to control/differentiate network access
- Minimise Impact to Existing Network Access
- Retain Visibility of Monitor Mode
- “Low Impact” == no need to re-architect your network
- Keep existing VLAN design
- Minimise changes

# Closed Mode



Before Authentication



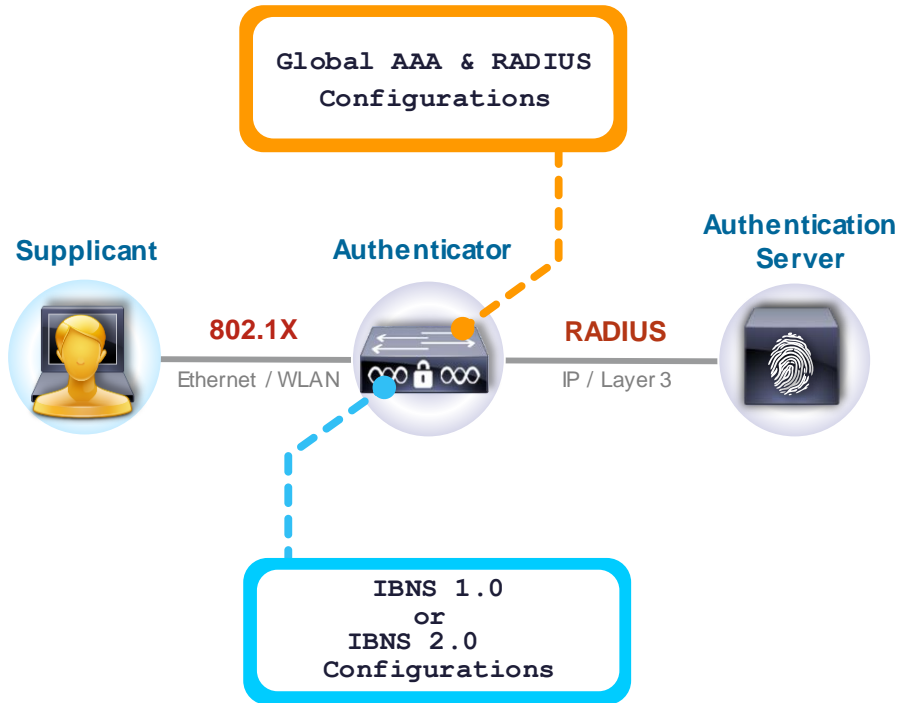
After Authentication

*No access prior authentication, Specific access on Auth-success*

## CLOSED MODE : GOALS

- As per IEEE specification for 802.1X
- No access before authentication
- Rapid access for non-802.1X-capable corporate assets
- Logical isolation of traffic at the access edge (VLAN segmentation)

# Configuration You Should Care About



## Choose IBNS 2.0 for: (Will discuss later)

- Critical ACL
- Service-template Authorisations
- IPv6 Web Authentications\*
- Interface Templates

# Identity Configurations

```
aaa new-model
aaa authentication dot1x default group radius
aaa authorization network default group radius
aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius
aaa session-id common
!
dot1x system-auth-control
!
radius server ise
address ipv4 172.20.254.201 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
key cisco
```

Global AAA



IBNS 1.0

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
switchport access vlan 100
switchport mode access
authentication control-direction in
authentication event fail action authorize vlan 100
authentication event server dead action authorize vlan 100
authentication event no-response action authorize vlan 100
authentication open
authentication order dot1x mab
authentication priority dot1x mab
authentication port-control auto
authentication periodic
authentication timer reauthenticate server
authentication timer inactivity server dynamic
authentication violation restrict
mab
dot1x pae authenticator
dot1x timeout tx-period 5
spanning-tree portfast
```



-Or-

IBNS 2.0

```
class-map type control subscriber match-all DOT1X
match method dot1x
class-map type control subscriber match-all MAB
match method mab
....
!
policy-map type control subscriber POLICY_Gil/0/1
event session-started match-all
10 class always do-until-failure
10 authenticate using dot1x retries 2 retry-time 0 priority 10
....
!
template ACCESS-PORT
....
access-session port-control auto
service-policy type control subscriber POLICY_Gil/0/1
....
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
source template ACCESS-PORT
```



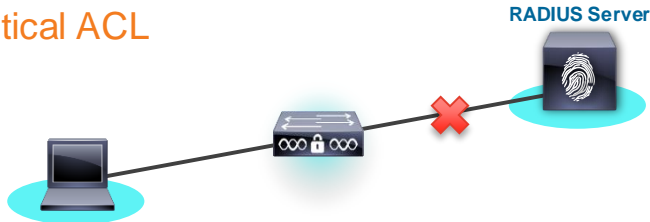


IBNS 2.0

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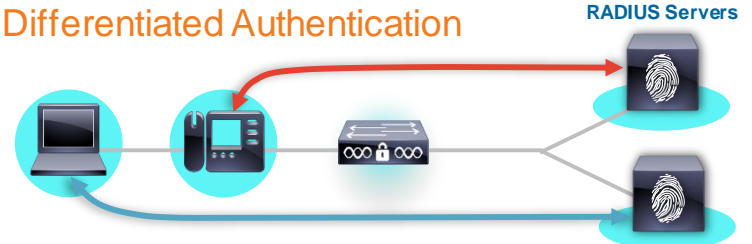
# Motivations for IBNS 2.0

## Critical ACL



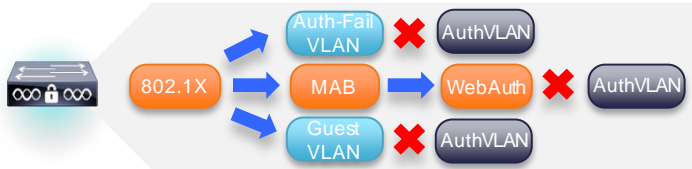
Need for a feature to locally activate an IP ACL during RADIUS Server outage

## Differentiated Authentication



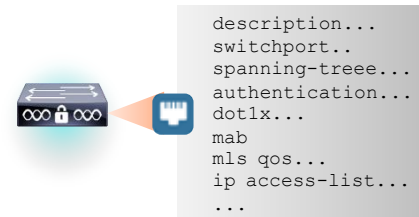
Switch should send authentication requests to specific RADIUS servers for specific methods

## Flexible Authorisations



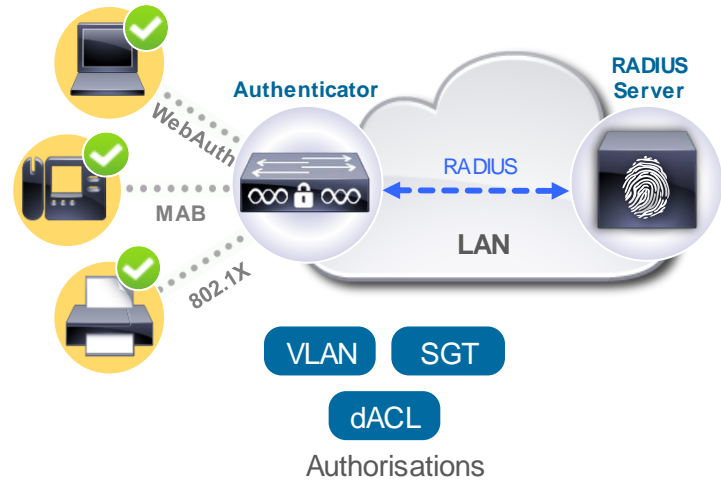
Need more flexibility in moving between the authorisations for various authentication methods

## Configuration Bloat



Per port configurations grow making it difficult to manage system configurations. Cant **'write'** at times

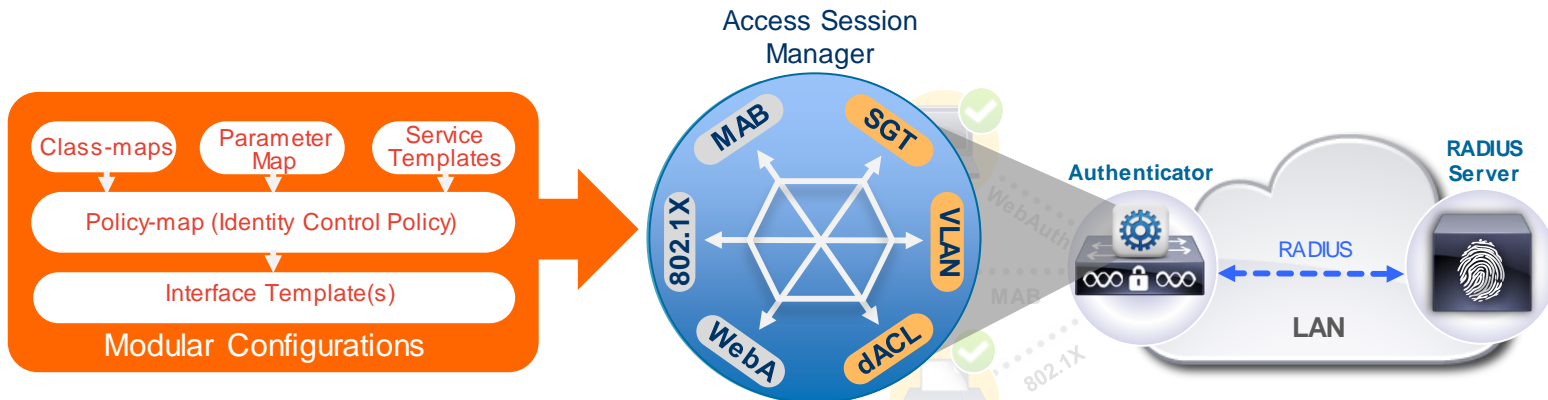
# IBNS 2.0



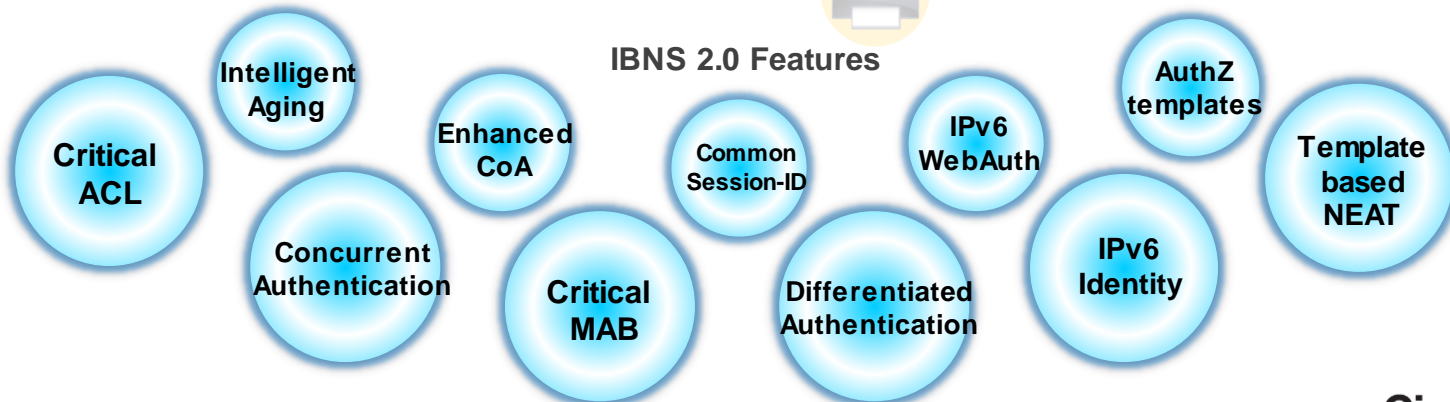
# IBNS 2.0

## Any Authentication with Any Authorisation on Any media

From 15.2(1)E / 03.05.00E  
C3850/C3650 FCS  
15.2(1)SY on C6500  
03.06.00E on Sup8E



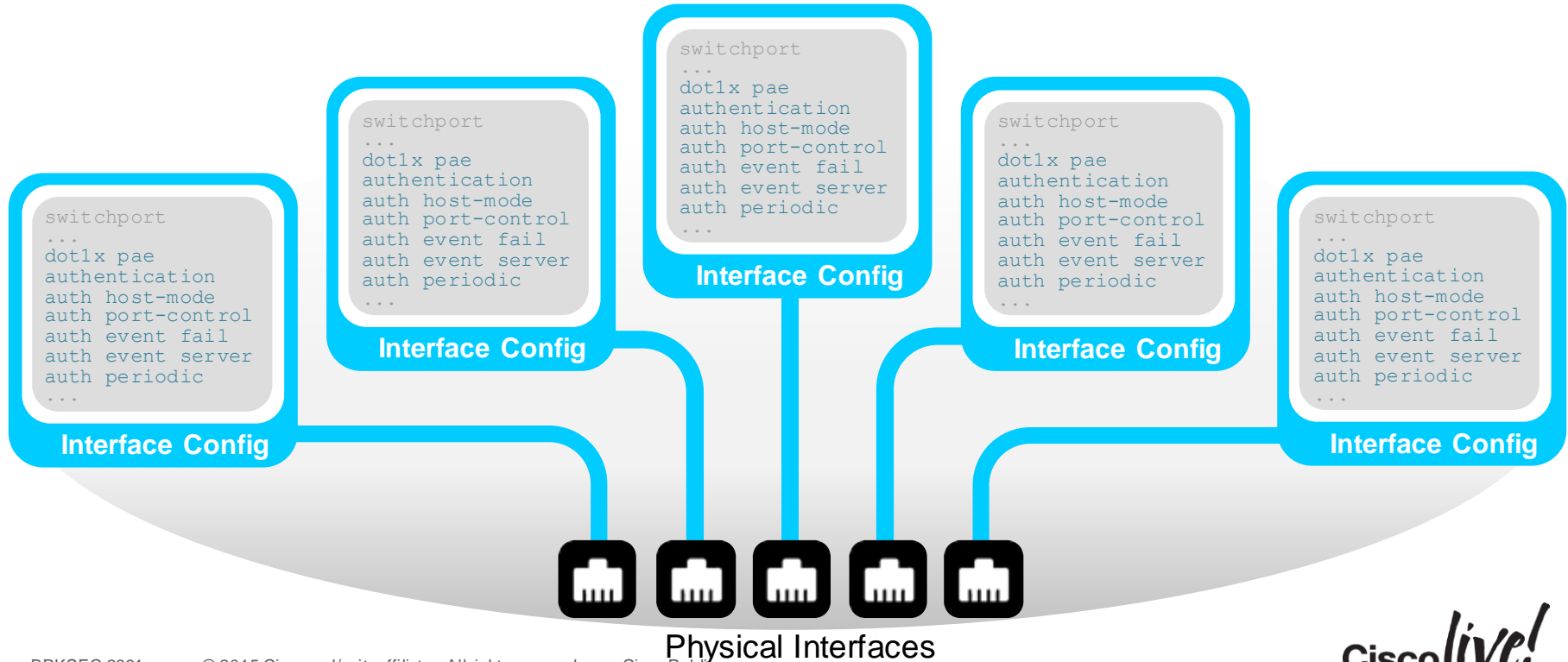
### IBNS 2.0 Features





# IBNS 1.0 Configurations

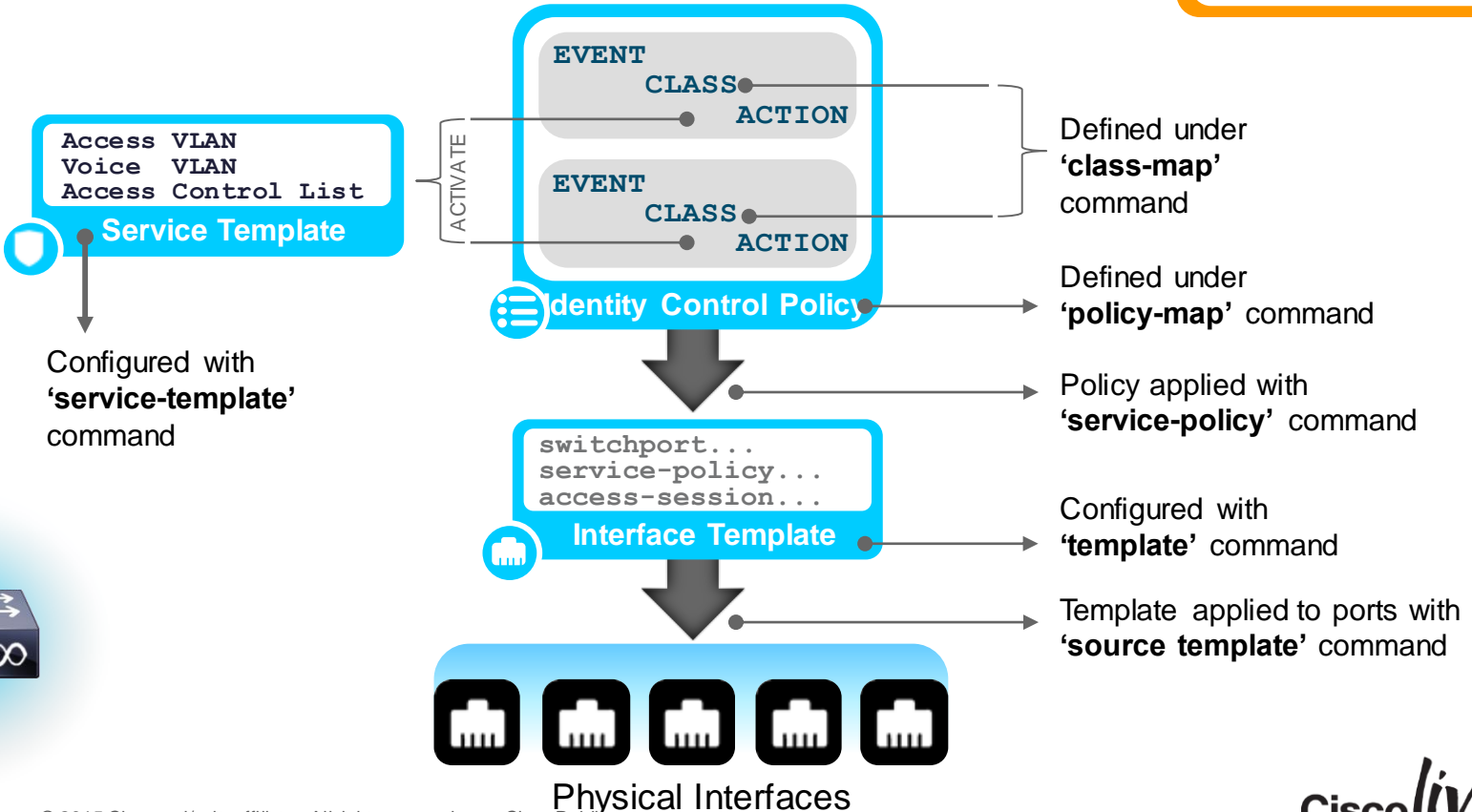
Global AAA & RADIUS  
Configurations



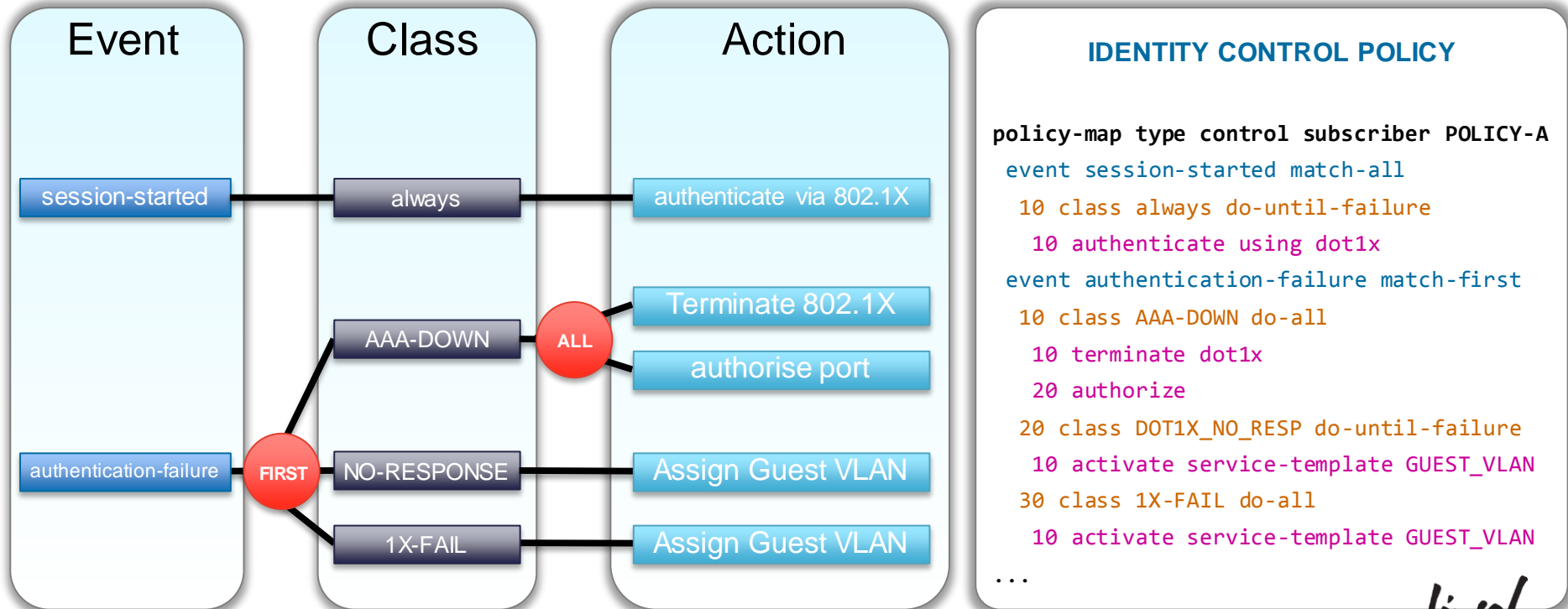


# Configuring IBNS 2.0

Global AAA & RADIUS  
Configurations



# The Identity Control Policy



# Templates

## Dynamic Configuration Done the Right Way

### Configuration by Reference:

- **Service Templates**

- will be dynamically assigned to a session
- can be locally defined -or-
- downloaded via RADIUS

- **Interface Templates**

- Cure for the Configuration Bloat
- Generic tool, not restricted to Session/ Identity
- Like Port Profiles on NX-OS



Gi1/0/1 User Port



Gi1/0/2 User Port



Gi1/0/3 User Port



Gi1/0/4 Access Point



# Service Template Example

## Using a Critical Auth Example

```
service-template CRITICAL
description allow all traffic
access-group PERMIT-IPV4-ANY
access-group PERMIT-IPV6-ANY
!
```

Example  
and  
Available  
Commands

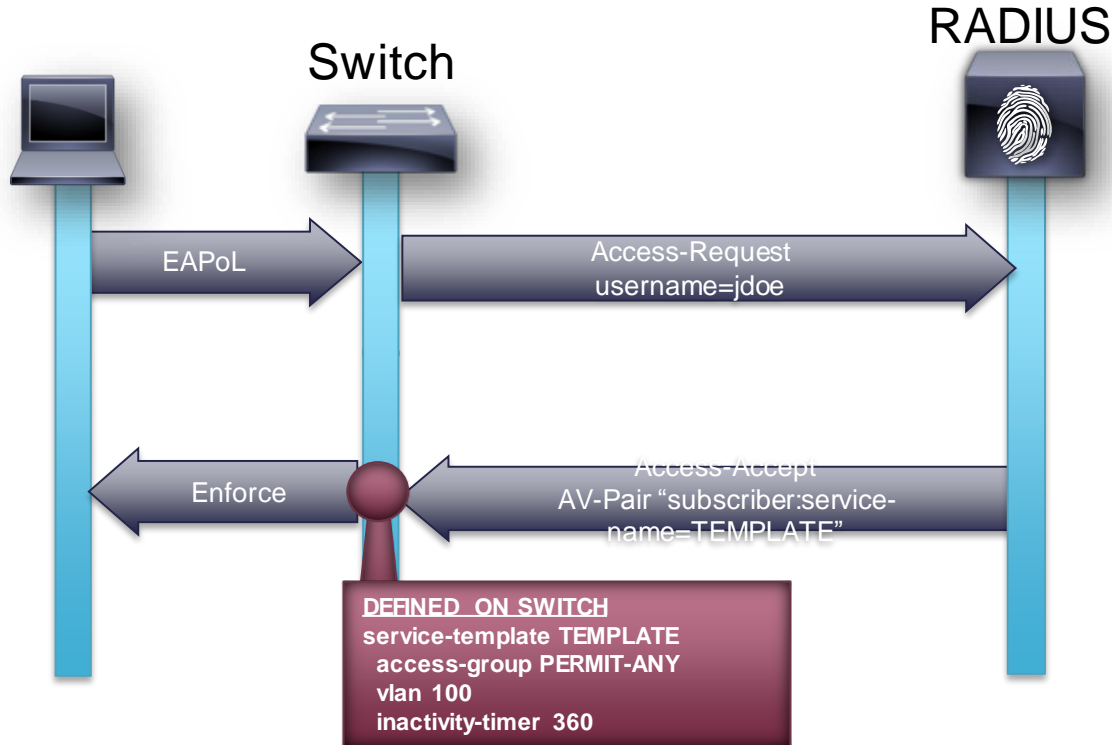
```
switch(config)#service-template CRITICAL
switch(config-service-template)#?
service-template configuration commands:
  absolute-timer      Absolute timeout value in seconds
  access-group       Access list to be applied
  description         Enter a description
  exit                Exit identity policy configuration submode
  inactivity-timer   Inactivity timeout value in seconds
  interface-template Interface template to be applied
  linksec            Configure link security parameters
  no                 Negate a command or set its defaults
  redirect           Redirect clients to a particular location
  service-policy     Configure service policy
  sgt                SGT tag
  tag                tag name
  tunnel             tunnel for wired client access
  vlan               Vlan to be applied
  voice              Voice feature
  <cr>

switch(config-service-template)#
```

- Can be defined locally on the switch
- Can also be defined on the RADIUS server and downloaded dynamically as needed per authorisation or during CoA (ISE 1.2 Feature)
- Used as one of the Actions per Control-Policy or as part of the RADIUS Authorisation (AV Pair)
- Templates via AAA can contain arbitrary AV Pairs

# Applying a Template

- Similar to Applying a Port ACL via *filter-id*



- Can also be triggered via RADIUS CoA
- Service-Templates activation can be a local Control Policy action
- If it doesn't exist, it can be downloaded like an dACL



# Service Template Download from AAA

TEMPLATES RADIUS-Cisco:cisco-av-pair equals download-request=service-template SVC\_TEMPLATES

Access Policies > Access Services > SVC\_TEMPLATES > Identity

Single result selection  Rule based result selection

Identity Source:

Advanced Options

If authentication failed

If user not found

If process failed



ACS

Authorization Profiles > New Authorization Profile

Authorization Profile

\* Name

Description

\* Access Type

Service Template



ISE

## ACS / any RADIUS Server

- Incoming request tagged with *cisco-av-pair="download-request=service-template"*
- Template-Name = Username
- Trivially Pass Authentication (username is the template name)
- Template Content is defined by AV pairs returned in authorisation rules

## ISE 1.2 and newer

- Template support is built-in

# Interface Templates

## Interface configuration container



15.2(2)E / 3.6.0E

```
Switch(config)#template Corp-Default-Access
Switch(config-template)#?
Template configuration commands:
aaa                Authentication, Authorization and Accounting.
access-session    Access Session specific Interface Configuration Commands
authentication    Auth Manager Interface Configuration Commands
carrier-delay     Specify delay for interface transitions
dampening         Enable event dampening
default           Set a command to its defaults
description       Interface specific description
dot1x             Interface Config Commands for IEEE 802.1X
exit              Exit from template configuration mode
hold-queue        Set hold queue depth
ip                IP template config
keepalive         Enable keepalive
load-interval     Specify interval for load calculation for an interface
mab               MAC Authentication Bypass Interface Config Commands
mls               mls interface commands
no                Negate a command or set its defaults
peer              Peer parameters for point to point interfaces
priority-queue    Priority Queue
queue-set         Choose a queue set for this queue
radius-server     Modify RADIUS query parameters
service-policy    Configure CPL Service Policy
source           Get config from another source
spanning-tree     Spanning Tree Subsystem
srr-queue         Configure shaped round-robin transmit queues
storm-control     storm configuration
subscriber        Subscriber inactivity timeout value.
switchport       Set switching mode characteristics
```

- Interface level commands available for templates in 15.2(2)E / 3.6.0.E
- Only these commands can be used in Interface Templates
- Other interface level commands configured “the usual” way

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# Interface Template Example

## Define and Source templates

```
template Corp-Default-Access
 dot1x pae authenticator
 spanning-tree portfast
 switchport access vlan 100
 switchport mode access
 mab
 access-session port-control auto
 service-policy type control subscriber ACCESS-POLICY
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 source template Corp-Default-Access
 !
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 source template Corp-Default-Access
 !
interface GigabitEthernet0/3
 source template Corp-Default-Access
 !
.
.
interface GigabitEthernet0/46
 source template Corp-Default-Access
 !
```

- All interface level configuration can be contained within the interface template
- The template can be applied on to the physical ports with “source template” interface config command
- Running configuration doesn’t show all interface configs, use “show derived-config” exec command

```
Switch#show derived-config interface Gi 0/1
Building configuration...

Derived configuration : 234 bytes
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 switchport access vlan 100
 switchport mode access
 access-session port-control auto
 mab
 dot1x pae authenticator
 spanning-tree portfast
 service-policy type control subscriber ACCESS-POLICY
```

# Interface-Template Authorisation from RADIUS

“cisco-av-pair = interface-template-name=<template>”

Authorization Profiles > IntfTemplate

### Authorization Profile

\* Name: IntfTemplate

Description: Interface Template Authorization Profile

\* Access Type: ACCESS\_ACCEPT

Service Template:

Common Tasks

- Web Redirection (CWA, DRW, MDM, NSP, CPP)
- Auto Smart Port

Advanced Attributes Settings

Cisco:cisco-av-pair = interface-template-name=IntTemplate

Attributes Details

Access Type = ACCESS\_ACCEPT  
cisco-av-pair = interface-template-name=IntTemplate

Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Network Access > Authorization Profiles > Edit: "IntfTemplate"

General Common Tasks **RADIUS Attributes**

Manually Entered

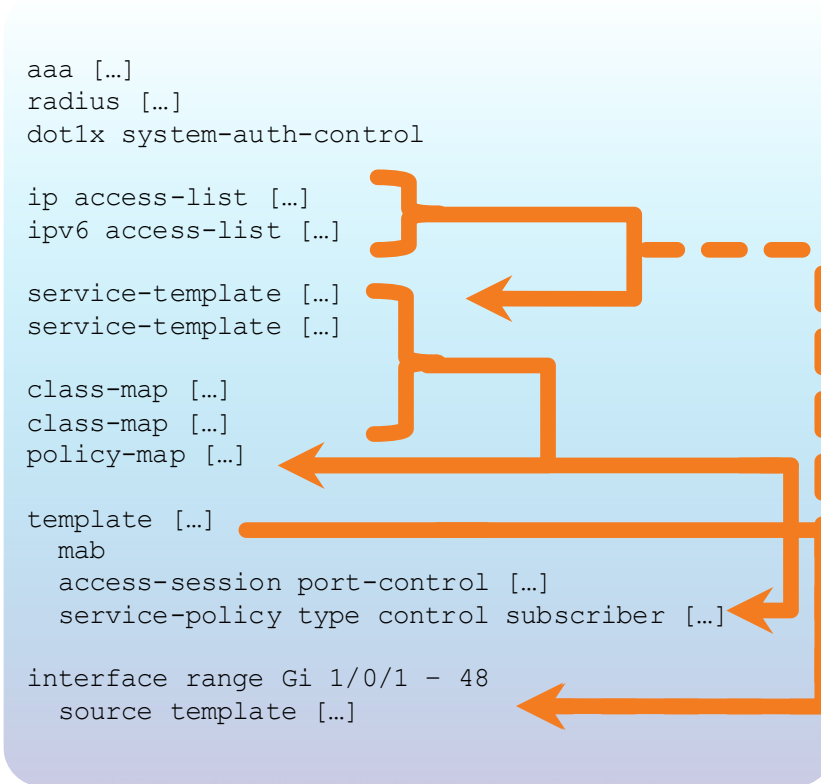
Attribute	Type	Value
cisco-av-pair	String	interface-template-name=IntTemplate



- The template must be configured locally on the switch
- Works similar to “Filter-ID” RADIUS attribute for authorising set of interface commands for a session
- On session termination, the interface configuration reset to static template sourced on the interface

# Putting the Pieces Together

- Policy Configuration Elements



- Global Configuration (AAA, 802.1X, CoA, ACLs, etc.)
- Service Template Configuration (optional)
- Global Policy Configuration (policy-map referencing class-maps)
- Interface-template Configuration
- Per-Interface Configuration
- References to other Policy Elements (static or dynamic)

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# Legacy Configuration to New-style Mode

## Typical Identity Configuration (today)

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
switchport access vlan 100
switchport mode access
ip access-group IPV4-PRE-AUTH-ACL in
authentication control-direction in
authentication event fail action authorize vlan 100
authentication event server dead action authorize vlan 100
authentication event no-response action authorize vlan 100
authentication open
authentication order dot1x mab
authentication priority dot1x mab
authentication port-control auto
authentication periodic
authentication timer reauthenticate server
authentication timer inactivity server dynamic
authentication violation restrict
mab
dot1x pae authenticator
dot1x timeout tx-period 5
spanning-tree portfast
```

switch# authentication display new-style

## New Policy mode

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
....
access-session port-control auto
access-session host-mode single-host
service-policy type control subscriber POLICY_Gi1/0/1
....
policy-map type control subscriber POLICY_Gi1/0/1
event session-started match-all
10 class always do-until-failure
10 authenticate using dot1x retries 2 retry-time 0 priority 10
....
class-map type control subscriber match-all DOT1X
match method dot1x
class-map type control subscriber match-all MAB
match method mab
....
```

# Configuration Mode Display

- Bridging the Gap between 'Old World' and 'New World'
- Existing configurations 'simply work'
- Converting in the background to new Policy Mode
- Use CLI to change how configuration is shown:

**Tip:** Start with known good configuration and see how changes in 'legacy mode' change the new configuration!

```
switch# authentication display ?  
  legacy      Legacy configuration  
  new-style   New style (c3pl) configuration
```



- If Policy Mode configuration is changed or rebooted in Policy Mode, the change is non-reversible
- No IPv6 capable WebAuth in Old Style Mode
- **This is transient and 'Exec mode' only (does not appear in configuration).**

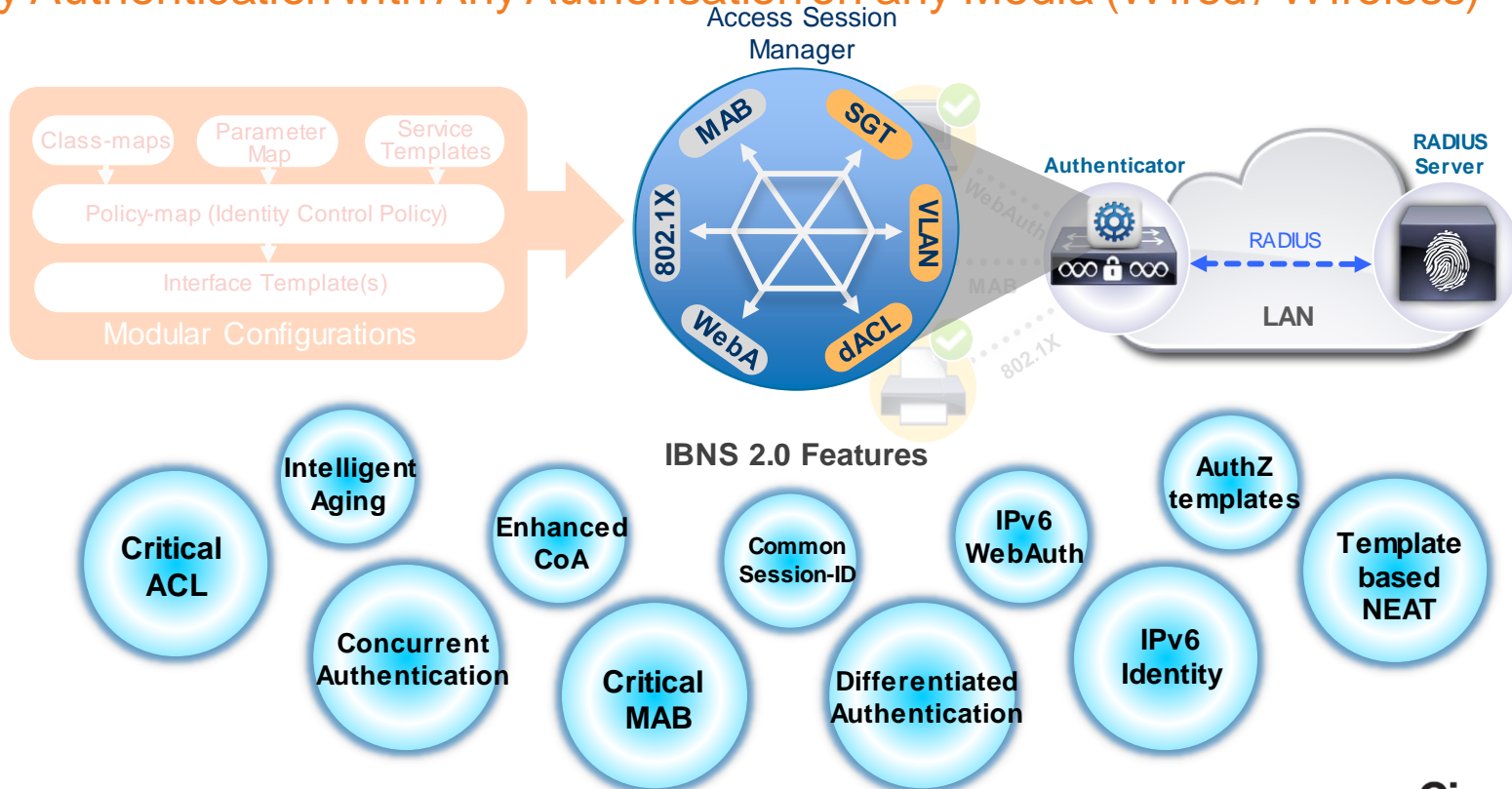


# IBNS 2.0 Features



# IBNS 2.0 Features

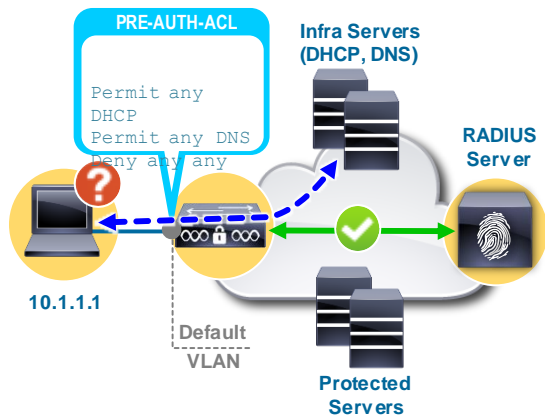
Any Authentication with Any Authorisation on any Media (Wired / Wireless)



# Critical ACL

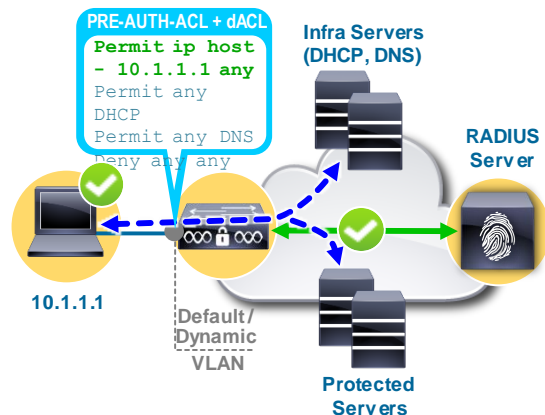
## Scenarios today with Low Impact Mode:

### Before Authentication



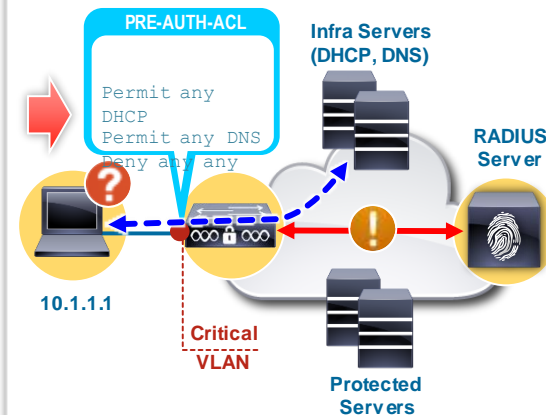
Before authentication success, the endpoint has limited access to the network resources, defined by the PRE-AUTH-ACL on the port

### Authentication Success



On authentication success, the RADIUS server authorises the endpoint with a dACL (**permit ip any any**) granting full access

### AAA Server Unreachable

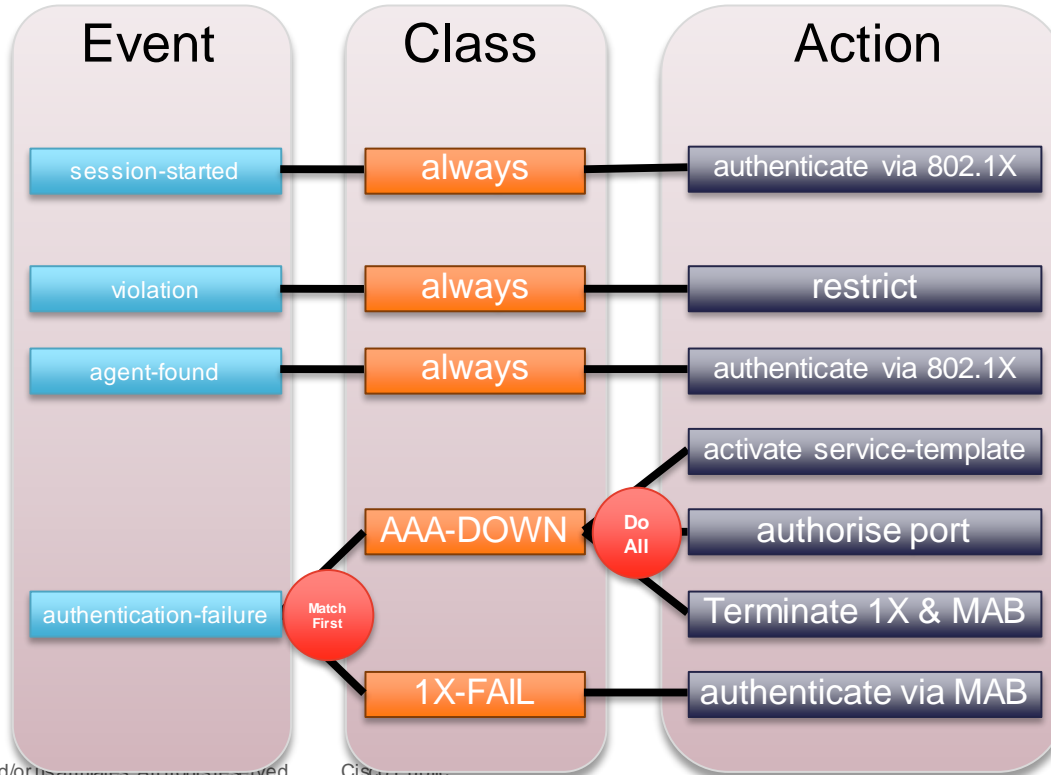


The endpoint may be authorised to a critical VLAN, but the PRE-AUTH-ACL on the port would still block the access during AAA outage\*



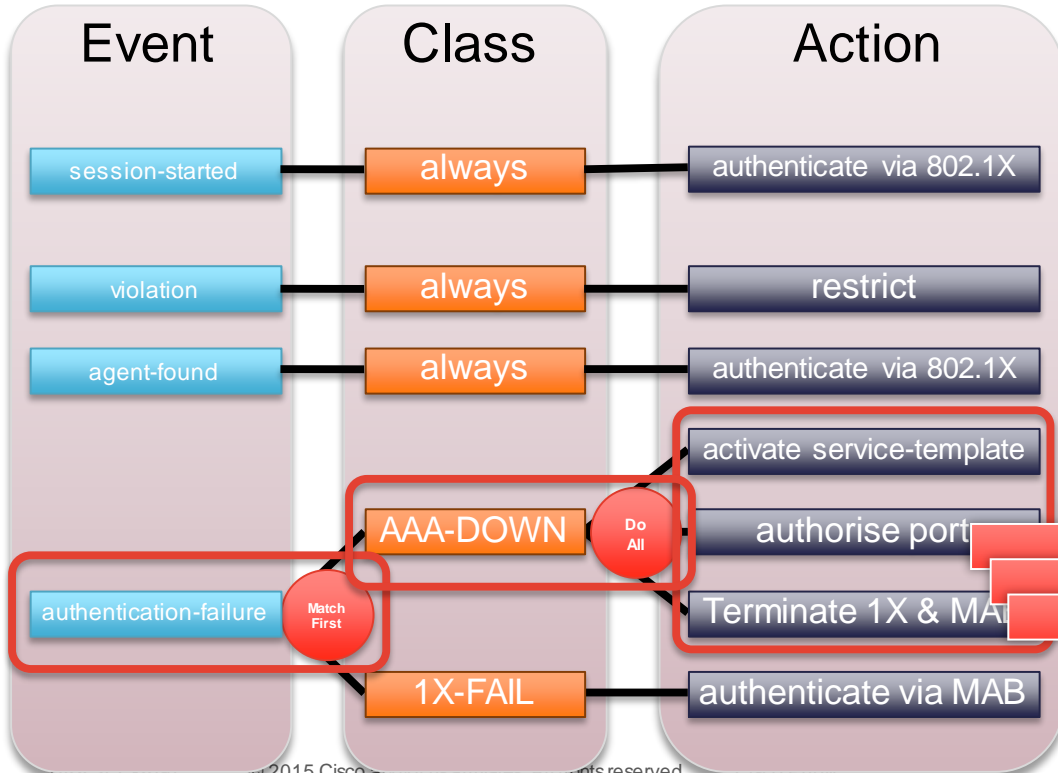
# Critical ACL

## Configuration Example



# Critical ACL

## Configuration Example



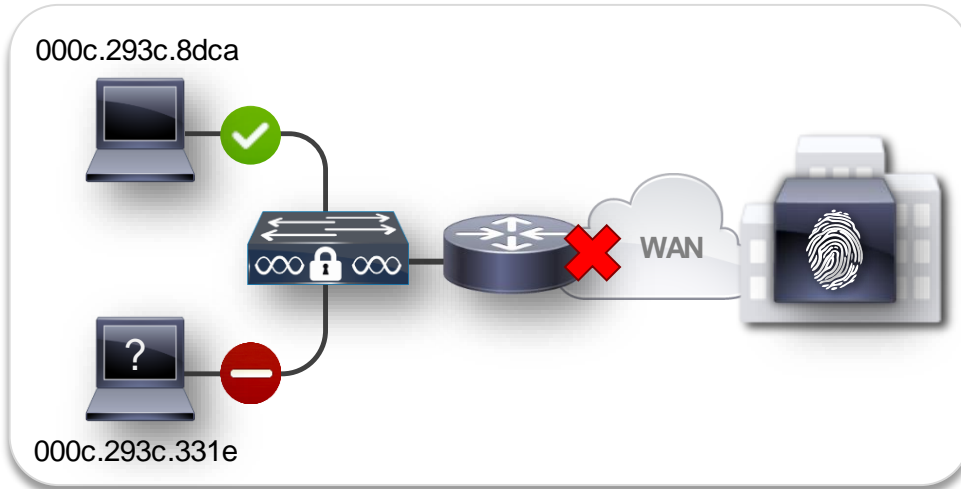
```
service-template CRITICAL
access-group CRITICAL-V4
access-group CRITICAL-V6
!
```

```
!
policy-map type control subscriber DOT1X
event session-started match-all
  10 class always do-until-failure
  10 authenticate using dot1x
event violation match-all
  10 class always do-all
  10 restrict
event agent-found match-all
  10 class always do-all
  10 authenticate using dot1x
event authentication-failure match-first
  10 class AAA-DOWN do-all
  10 activate service-template CRITICAL
  20 authorize
  30 terminate dot1x
  40 terminate mab
  20 class 1X-FAIL do-all
  10 authenticate using mab
```



# Critical MAB

## Local Authentication during Server failure



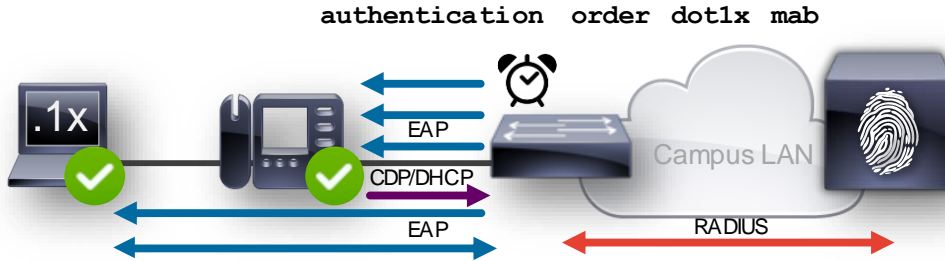
```
username 000c293c8dca password 0 000c293c8dca
username 000c293c8dca aaa attribute list mab-local
!
aaa local authentication default authorization mab-local
aaa authorization credential-download mab-local local
!
aaa attribute list mab-local
  attribute type tunnel-medium-type all-802
  attribute type tunnel-private-group-id "150"
  attribute type tunnel-type vlan
  attribute type inacl "CRITICAL-V4"
!
policy-map type control subscriber ACCESS-POL
...
event authentication-failure match-first
  10 class AAA_SVR_DOWN_UNAUTHD_HOST do-
      until-failure
  10 terminate mab
  20 terminate dot1x
  30 authenticate using mab aaa authc-
      list mab-local authz-list mab-local
...
```

- Additional level of check to authorise hosts during a critical condition.
- EEM Scripts could be used for dynamic update of whitelist MAC addresses
- Sessions re-initialise once the server connectivity resumes.

# Concurrent Authentication

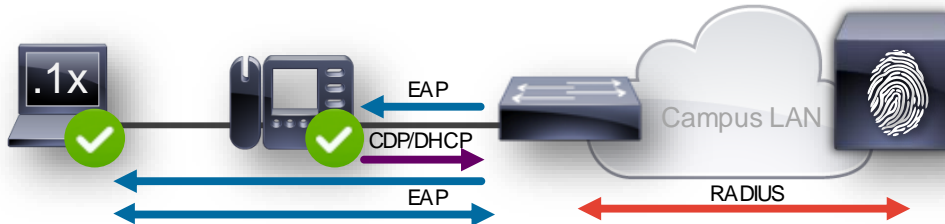
## Faster on-boarding of endpoints in to the network

### Sequential Authentication



### Concurrent Authentication

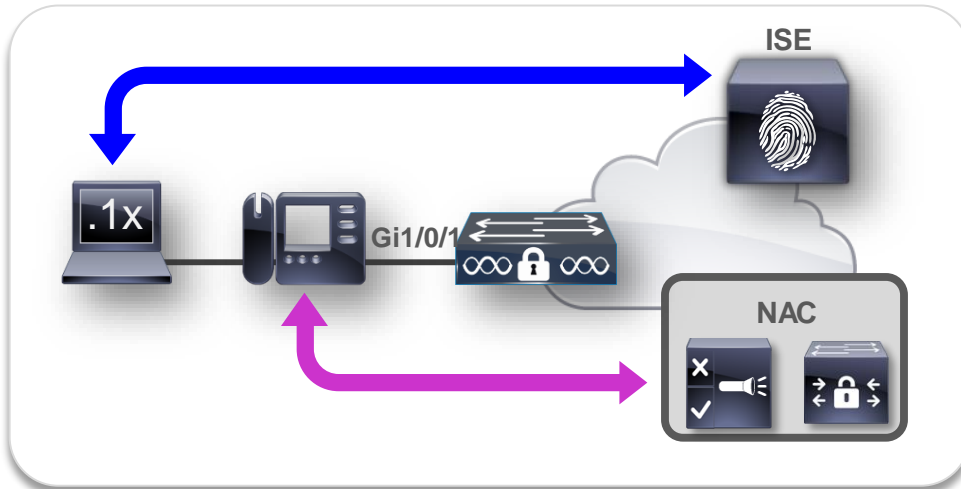
```
event session-started match-all
10 class always do-until-failure
10 authenticate using dot1x priority 10
20 authenticate using mab priority 20
```



- Faster on-boarding, good for delay sensitive endpoints.
- An endpoint may be authenticated by both methods, but priority determines the ultimate authorisation.
- *Additional load to RADIUS Server. Multiple Authentication requests hit the server for same client*

# Differentiated Authentication

Authenticate different methods with different Servers



**Requirement:** Authenticate 802.1X end-points with new RADIUS Server (ISE) and authenticate non-802.1X (MAB) devices with legacy NAC infra

```
aaa group server radius mab-servers
 server name ise01
 !
aaa group server radius 1x-servers
 server name ise02
 !
aaa authentication dot1x 1x-servers group 1x-servers
aaa authentication dot1x mab-servers group mab-servers
 !
aaa authorization network 1x-servers group 1x-servers
aaa authorization network mab-servers group mab-servers
 !
radius server ise02
 address ipv4 172.20.254.8 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
 key xxxxxx
 !
radius server ise01
 address ipv4 172.20.254.4 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
 key xxxxxx
```

```
policy-map type control subscriber ent-access-pol
 event session-started match-all
 10 class always do-until-failure
 20 authenticate using dot1x aaa authc-list 1x-servers authz-list
 1x-servers
 event authentication-failure match-first
 10 class DOT1X_NO_RESP do-until-failure
 10 terminate dot1x
 20 authenticate using mab aaa authc-list mab-servers authz-list
 mab-servers
 .....
```

CiscoLive!



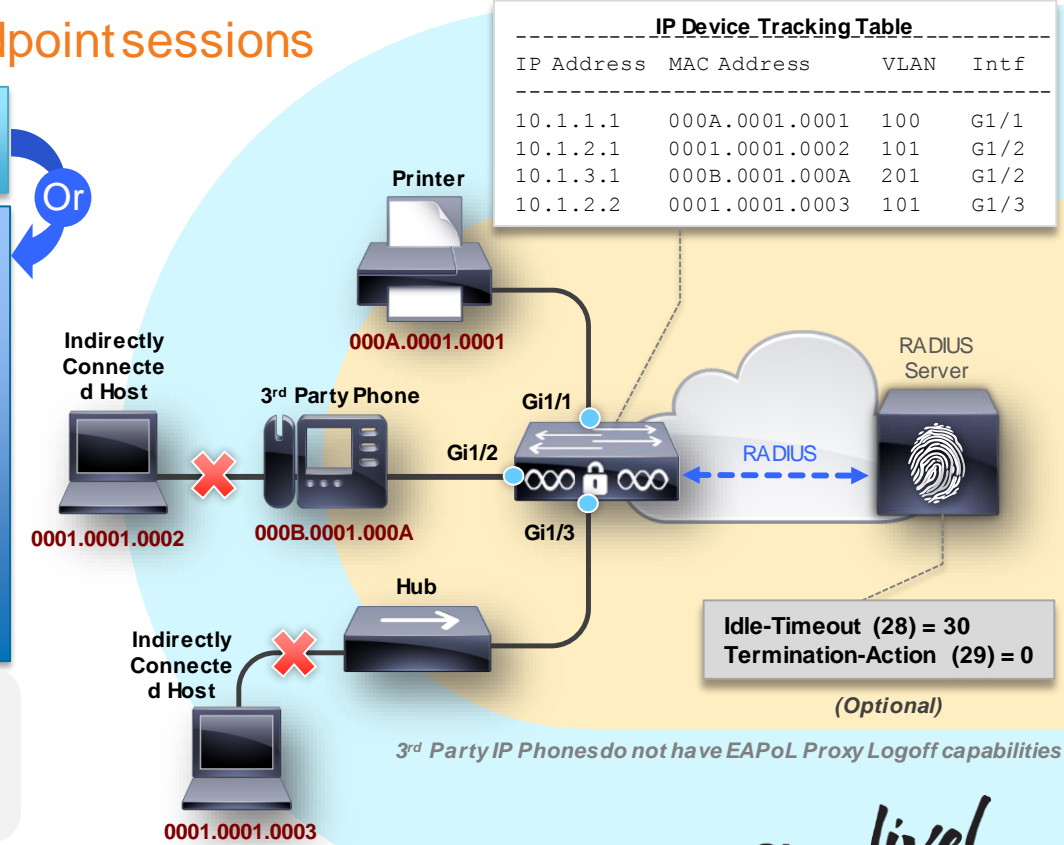
# Intelligent Aging

## Disconnect Indirectly connected endpoint sessions

```
Switch(config-if) subscriber aging  
inactivity-timer 30 probe
```

```
service-template IA-TIMER  
inactivity-timer 60 probe  
!  
policy-map type control sub ACCESS-POL  
...  
event authentication-success match-all  
10 class always do-until-failure  
10 activate service-template IA-TIMER  
event inactivity-timeout match-all  
10 class always do-until-failure  
10 unauthorise  
...
```

IBNS 2.0 enhances 'inactivity timer' with ARP probes to ensure that an endpoint is indeed disconnected. ARP probes are sent based on 'ip device tracking table' data.



# IPv6 Identity\*

With Identity-Policy, both IPv4 & IPv6 endpoints can be securely on-boarded in a consistent manor

```
!  
ipv6 snooping policy v6-snoop  
trusted-port  
!  
vlan configuration 100-180  
  ipv6 nd suppress  
  ipv6 snooping  
!  
interface TenGig1/1/1  
  description *** Uplink ***  
  [ ... ]  
  ipv6 snooping attach-policy v6-snoop  
!
```

- Enable IPv6 Device Tracking
- Make Identity Policy IPv6 aware
- Note: Define which VLANs to apply and also trust the uplink port

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1  
  switchport access vlan 100  
  switchport mode access  
  access-session port-control auto  
  ipv6 traffic-filter IPV6-PRE-AUTH-ACL in  
  dot1x pae authenticator  
  spanning-tree portfast  
  service-policy type control subscriber ACCESS-POL  
!  
service-template CRITICAL  
  description allow all traffic  
  access-group PERMIT-IPV4-ANY  
  access-group PERMIT-IPV6-ANY  
!
```

- IPv6 Pre-auth-acl limits IPv6 traffic prior to authentication
- Same identity control policy apply for both IPv4 & IPv6 clients
- Service-template provisions for IPv6 ACL for Post-Auth / Critical authorisation purposes.

# Low-Impact Mode with Per-User-ACL



Currently Supported only on Cisco Catalyst 3650 and 3850 Switches

Cisco ISE



RADIUS

Authorization Profiles > IPv6-Per-User-ACL

**Authorization Profile**

\* Name: IPv6-Per-User-ACL

Description:

\* Access Type: ACCESS\_ACCEPT

Service Template:

Advanced Attributes Settings

Cisco:cisco-av-pair = ipv6:inac#1=deny ipv6 any host

Cisco:cisco-av-pair = ipv6:inac#2=permit ipv6 any any

Attributes Details

Access Type = ACCESS\_ACCEPT  
 cisco-av-pair = ipv6:inac#1=deny ipv6 any host 2001:db8:254::10  
 cisco-av-pair = ipv6:inac#2=permit ipv6 any any

- Centralised Deployment, ACL hosted on the AAA Server
- No. of ACE limited by RADIUS packet size (4000 char)

Switch#**show auth sessions interface gigabitEthernet 1/0/1 details**

```
Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/1
IIF-ID: 0x103F70000000C2
MAC Address: 00c.2998.13c8
IPv6 Address: FE80::7D2E:FC23:9230:B590,
2001:DB8:100:0:EC8F:8D64:33D2:213D
IPv4 Address: Unknown
User-Name: employee1@ibns.lab
Status: Authorized
Domain: DATA
Oper host mode: multi-auth
Oper control dir: both
Session timeout: N/A
Common Session ID: AC14FE650000FAD029BD96A
Acct Session ID: 0x00000FA3
Handle: 0x5F000002
Current Policy: POLICY_Gi1/0/1
```

Server Policies:

```
Per-User ACL: GigabitEthernet1/0/1#v6#37F2F598
: deny ipv6 any host 2001:db8:254::10
: permit ipv6 any any
```

Method status list:

Method	State
dot1x	Authc Success

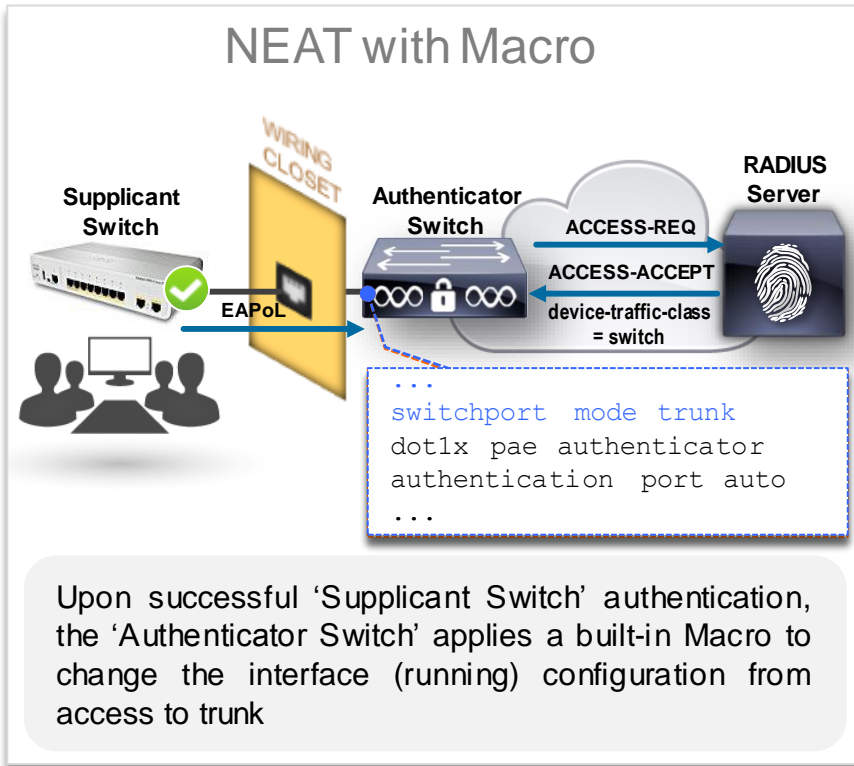
Switch



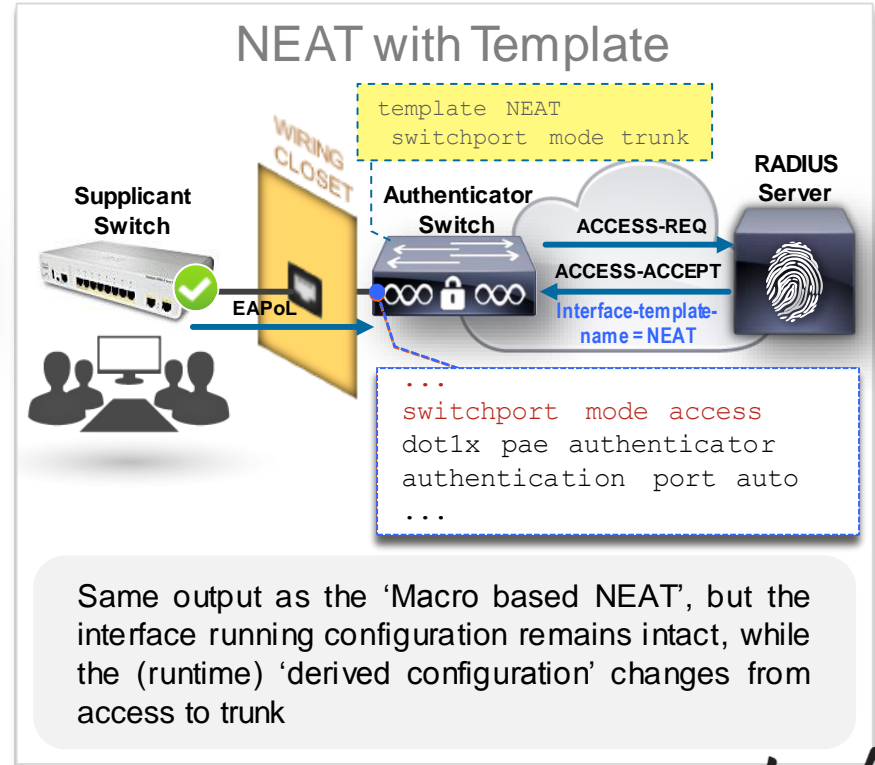
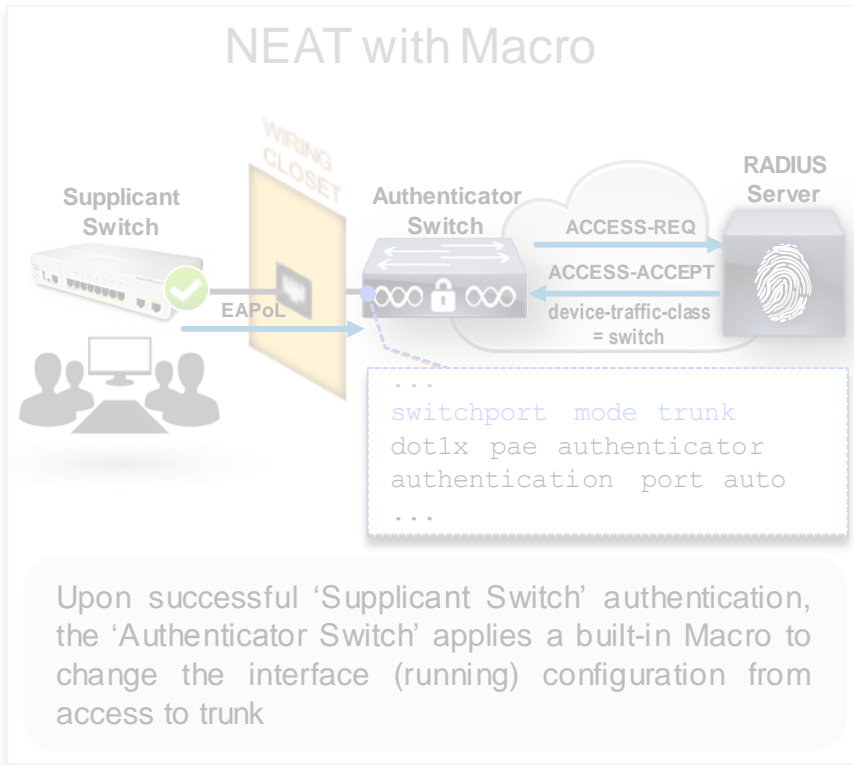
802.1X  
MAB

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
switchport access vlan 100
switchport mode access
authentication host-mode multi-auth
authentication open
authentication port-control auto
ipv6 traffic-filter IPV6-PRE-AUTH-ACL in
mab
dot1x pae authenticator
dot1x timeout tx-period 5
```

# NEAT with Interface Template



# NEAT with Interface Template





# NEAT with Interface Template

```
cisp enable
!  
template neat-authz  
  switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
  switchport trunk native vlan 254  
  switchport mode trunk
```



Authorization Profiles > NeatIntTemplate

## Authorization Profile

\* Name

Description

\* Access Type

Service Template

### Advanced Attributes Settings

Cisco:cisco-av-pair = interface-template-name=neat-a

### Attributes Details

Access Type = ACCESS\_ACCEPT  
cisco-av-pair = interface-template-name=neat-authz



## Before SSw Authentication

```
ASw#show running-config int Gi0/12  
Building configuration...
```

```
Derived configuration : 179 bytes  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/12  
  description ** To SSw 0/12 **  
  switchport access vlan 254  
  switchport mode access  
  dot1x pae authenticator  
  spanning-tree portfast  
!
```

```
ASw#show derived-config int Gi0/12  
Building configuration...
```

```
Derived configuration : 179 bytes  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/12  
  description ** To SSw 0/12 **  
  switchport access vlan 254  
  switchport mode access  
  dot1x pae authenticator  
  spanning-tree portfast  
!
```

## After SSw Authentication

```
ASw#show running-config int Gi0/12  
Building configuration...
```

```
Derived configuration : 179 bytes  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/12  
  description ** To SSw 0/12 **  
  switchport access vlan 254  
  switchport mode access  
  dot1x pae authenticator  
  spanning-tree portfast  
!
```

```
ASw#show derived-config int Gi0/12  
Building configuration...
```

```
Derived configuration : 240 bytes  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/12  
  description ** To SSw 0/12 **  
  switchport access vlan 254  
  switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q  
  switchport trunk native vlan 254  
  switchport mode trunk  
  dot1x pae authenticator  
  spanning-tree portfast  
!
```

CiscoLive!

A nighttime photograph of a city street. In the background, there are several tall buildings with lit windows. A pedestrian bridge with blue lighting spans across the street. In the foreground, there are long, colorful light trails from cars, creating a sense of motion. The text "Troubleshooting IBNS 2.0" is overlaid in white on a dark horizontal band across the middle of the image.

# Troubleshooting IBNS 2.0

# Troubleshooting Control Policy

- New Session Display

Old Friends with new Names:

```
switch#sh access-session int gi1/0/13 detail
Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/13
IIF-ID: 0x103B24000000D9
MAC Address: 0800.2710.7969
IPv6 Address: FE80::A00:27FF:FEF0:7969,
2001:DB8:1:170:C025:2462:AF2A:477B
IPv4 Address: 172.16.30.66
User-Name: harips@ibns.lab
Status: Authorized
Domain: DATA
Oper host mode: multi-auth
Oper control dir: both
Session timeout: N/A
Common Session ID: AC101D020000115B11DEEC8C
Acct Session ID: 0x0000122B
Handle: 0xD8000001
Current Policy: POLICY Gi1/0/13

Server Policies:
ACS ACL: xACSACLx-IP-permit-most-50b5f56e
Template: EMPLOYEE_1 (priority 100)
Vlan Group: Vlan: 160
ACS ACL: xACSACLx-IP-permit-most-50b5f56e

Method status list:

Method      State
dot1x      Authc Success
mab        Stopped
```

‘show access-session’ instead of  
‘show authentication session’

IPv6 awareness

Applied Policies (here: with server  
assigned Template)

# Troubleshooting Control Policy

- (cont.)

And new Friends:

```
newton-1#sh policy-map type control subscriber name
POLICY_Gi1/0/13
Control_Policy: POLICY_Gi1/0/13
Event:      event session-started match-all
Class-map:  10 class always do-until-failure
Action:     10 authenticate using dot1x retries 2 [...]
Executed:   2

Event:      event authentication-failure match-first
Class-map:  10 class DOT1X_NO_RESP do-until-failure
Action:     10 terminate dot1x
Executed:   43

Action:     20 authenticate using mab priority 20
Executed:   43

Class-map:  20 class MAB_FAILED do-until-failure
Action:     10 terminate mab
Executed:   0

Action:     20 authentication-restart 60
Executed:   0
[...]
```

'show policy-map type control' to show the control policy

See complete Policy (Events, Classes, Actions)

Look for specific events and how often associated classes matched and actions have been executed



# Troubleshooting Control Policy

- (cont.)
- debug pre\* all | error | **event** | ha | prr | **rule**
- To understand policy flow and identify events and actions
- Powerful in combination with conditional debugging ('debug condition')

The screenshot shows the following debug output:

```
[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Executing policy-map type control subscriber POLICY_Gi1/0/13
event session-started match-all
class always do-until-failure policy instance 0x5A000038
[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Evaluate: class-map type control match-all subscriber always
evaluated class map: success
[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Action authenticate using dot1x retries 2 retry-time 0 priority 10:sync:success
executed action handlers and returning with status:1, result:0

[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Executing policy-map type control subscriber POLICY_Gi1/0/13
event agent-found match-all
class always do-until-failure policy instance 0x5A000038
[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Evaluate: class-map type control match-all subscriber always
evaluated class map: success
[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Action terminate mab:sync:success
[PRE:RULE:EVENT:D8000001] Action authenticate using dot1x retries 2 retry-time 0 priority 10:sync:success
executed action handlers and returning with status:1, result:0
%DOT1X-5-FAIL: Authentication failed for client (0800.27f0.7969) on Interface Gi1/0/13 AuditSessionID AC101D0C
switch#
```

Callouts in the image:

- New Event**: Points to the first event log line: `event session-started match-all`.
- Evaluated Class-Map & Match!**: Points to the evaluation log line: `evaluated class map: success`.
- Associated Action**: Points to the action log line: `Action authenticate using dot1x retries 2 retry-time 0 priority 10:sync:success`.
- Single Event**: Points to the first event log line.
- Next Event**: Points to the second event log line: `event agent-found match-all`.



# Control Log Verbosity

## Suppress 'Success' log messages, only log failure

- `no authentication logging verbose`
- `no mab logging verbose`
- `no dot1x logging verbose`
- Default is 'verbose'!
- Some ISE troubleshooting tools depends on seeing these messages

## Selectively Debug

- `debug interface Gi1/0/1`
- Limits effect of debug to given interface





Additional Things To Know

# Per MAC VLAN Assignment

## “MAC based VLANs”

- Before Cat3850 / Cat3650: One port, one VLAN per access port (1:1)
- Exception: Voice (one Data Device untagged, one Voice Device tagged w/ VVLAN)
- Later: Allowing VLAN assignment on multi-authentication ports, but first device ‘rules’ the port.
- **Now with Catalyst 2960X, 3850 & 3650: Each session can have individual VLAN assigned**
  - 2960X → 15.2(2)E
  - C3850 → 03.03.00SE
  - C3650 → 03.03.00SE



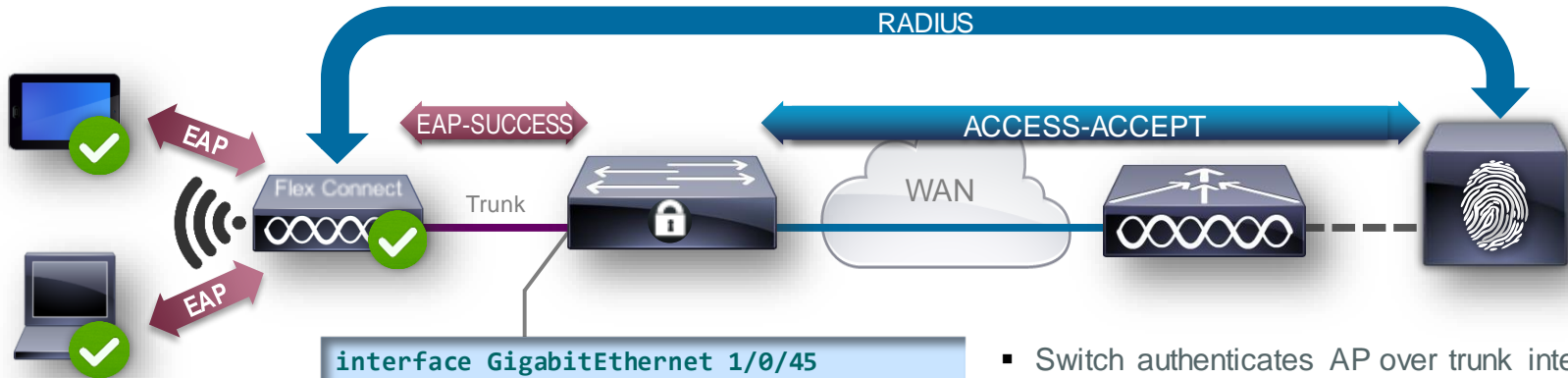


# 802.1X on Trunk Ports

**NEW**  
15.2(1)E / 3.5.0E



Requirement: Authenticate Flex Connect AP over trunk interface and let the AP authenticate the wireless clients.

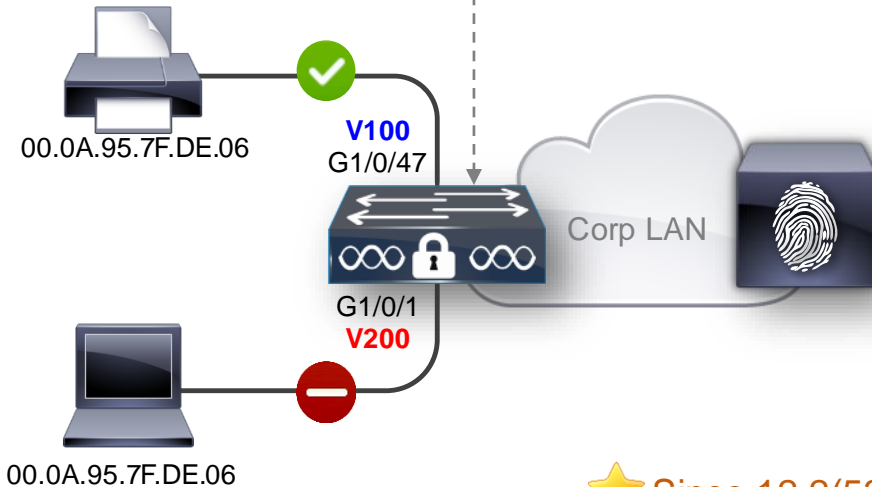


```
interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/45
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk allowed vlan 200-205
authentication host-mode multi-host
authentication port-control auto
dot1x pae authenticator
```

- Switch authenticates AP over trunk interface (802.1X / MAB)
- Flex-AP authenticates endpoints
- Switch accounts only AP MAC address for auth-session, rest allowed without authentication (multi-host mode)

# Ensure Printers Connect on Print Ports Only

```
Switch(config)#mab request format attribute  
32 vlan access-vlan
```



Requirement: MAB Requests to printers must come on designated port only.

Authorization Simple Condition List > SourcePrintVLAN

## Authorization Simple Conditions

\* Name: SourcePrintVLAN  
Description: Condition to check if the Access Request coming from a Print VLAN Source

* Attribute	* Operator	* Value
Radius:NAS-Identifier	Equals	100

Save Reset

Status	Rule Name	Conditions (identity groups and other conditions)	Permissions
✓	PrinterAccess	if Printers AND (Wired_MAB AND SourcePrintVLAN)	then CorpPrintVLAN

★ Since 12.2(53)SE2, only for MAB



# New Access-session Attribute Feature

## Send source VLAN on the switchport to RADIUS Server

**NEW**  
15.2(2)E/3.6.0E  
15.2(1)SY

```
Switch(config)#access-session attributes filter-list  
list custom-name  
Switch(config-com-filter-list)#vlan-id  
Switch(config-com-filter-list)#exit  
Switch(config)#  
Switch(config)#access-session authentication  
attributes filter-spec include list custom-name
```

Authorization Simple Condition List > New Authorization Simple Condition

**Authorization Simple Conditions**

\* Name: Source\_TrustedArea

Description: Authentication requests from Trusted Source (VLAN)

* Attribute	* Operator	* Value
Radius:Tunnel-Private-Group-ID	Equals	TrustedArea

```
*Feb 18 02:52:11.763: RADIUS(00000000): Send Access-Request to 172.20.254.4:1645 id 1645/22, len 442  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.763: RADIUS: authenticator 2D AD 1D 30 E0 63 29 D9 - 90 6C B0 BC 07 BE EB 82  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.763: RADIUS: User-Name [1] 11 "employee1"  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.763: RADIUS: Service-Type [6] 6 Framed [2]  
...  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.764: RADIUS: Tunnel-Private-Group [81] 6 01:"100"  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.764: RADIUS: Tunnel-Type [64] 6 01:VLAN [13]  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.765: RADIUS: Tunnel-Medium-Type [65] 6 01:ALL_802 [6]  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.765: RADIUS: Tunnel-Private-Group [81] 16 02:"TrustedArea"  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.765: RADIUS: Tunnel-Type [64] 6 02:VLAN [13]  
*Feb 18 02:52:11.765: RADIUS: Tunnel-Medium-Type [65] 6 02:ALL_802 [6]  
...
```

Match on any of these attributes in RADIUS Server

Applies to all authentication methods | System must be in IBNS 2.0 (policy) mode

# RADIUS Probe-on Feature

## Without Probe-on

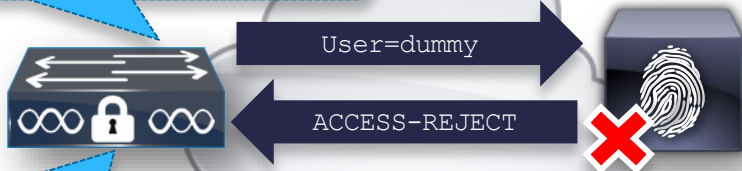
```
radius server server-01
address ipv4 10.0.1.1 auth-port 1812 acct-port
1813
automate-tester username dummy
!
radius-server deadtime 15
radius-server dead-criteria 3 tries
```



2000 switches sending periodic probes  
= unnecessary overhead on the RADIUS  
Server

Want RADIUS server to be marked  
“ALIVE” only when reachable. Do not  
want to disturb clients in critical-auth

Send periodic probes  
even when server is Alive



Mark Dead Server  
Alive after 'deadtime'

```
...
%RADIUS-6-SERVERALIVE: Group radius: Radius
server 10.0.1.1:1812,1813 is responding again
(previously dead).
%RADIUS-4-RADIUS_ALIVE: RADIUS server
10.0.1.1:1812,1813 is being marked alive.
...
```

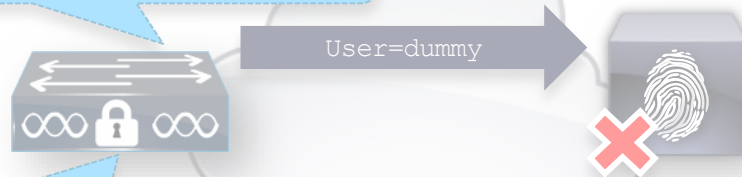
# RADIUS Probe-on Feature

**NEW**  
15.2(2)E / 3.6.0E

## Without Probe-on

```
radius server server-01
address ipv4 10.0.1.1 auth-port 1812 acct-port
1813
automate-tester username dummy
!
radius-server deadtime 15
radius-server dead-criteria 3 tries
```

Send periodic probes  
even when server is Alive

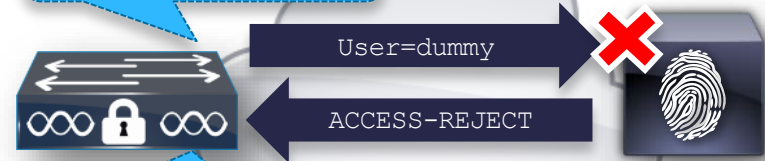


Mark Dead Server  
Alive after 'deadtime'

## With Probe-on

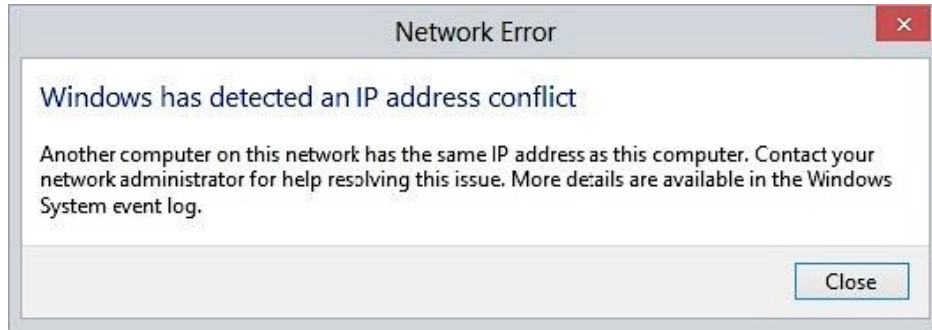
```
radius server server-01
address ipv4 10.0.1.1 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
automate-tester username dummy probe-on
!
radius-server deadtime 15
radius-server dead-criteria 3 tries
```

Send probes only  
when server is Dead



Mark Dead Server Alive after  
response to probe packets

# IPDT: Resolving 'IP Address Conflict' Issue



**RFC-5227** Explains the ARP probe and Duplicate address detection mechanisms

**Cisco IOS** uses the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Probe sourced from an address of 0.0.0.0 in order to maintain the IP device-tracking cache when IP device tracking and a feature that uses it is enabled (such as 802.1x) on a Cisco IOS switch.

## Solutions offered so far

```
ip device tracking probe delay <seconds>
```

Delay ARP probes from Switch by specified interval in seconds

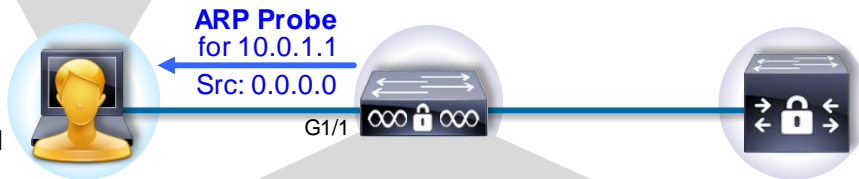
```
ip device tracking probe use-svi
```

Use SVI IP address as source instead of the default 0.0.0.0 for ARP probes from the switch

**Cisco**live!



DAD Interval



0001.0001.0001

~~10.0.1.1~~

IP Device Tracking Table			
Port#	MAC	IP	VLAN
G1/1	0001	10.0.1.1	100

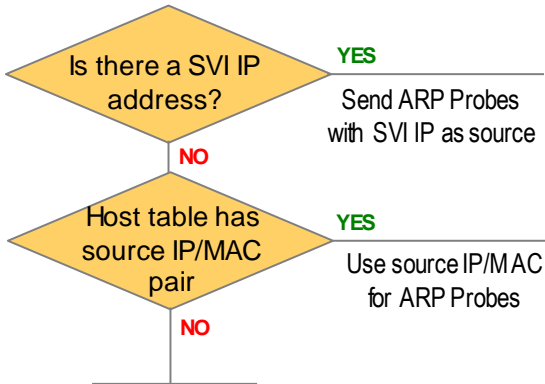
DAD: Duplicate Address Detection

# IPDT: Resolving 'IP Address Conflict' Issue

ip device tracking probe auto-source

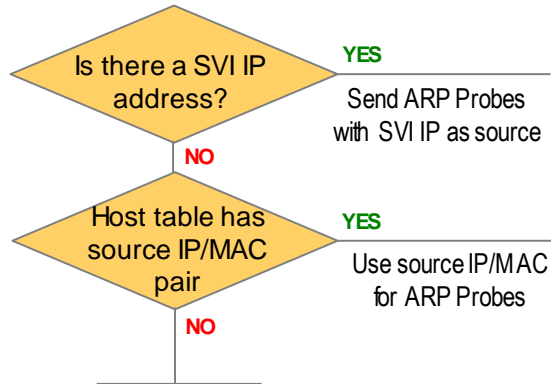
**NEW**  
15.2(2)E / 3.6.0E

'ip device tracking probe auto-source'



Use default 0.0.0.0 and switch MAC address as source for ARP probes

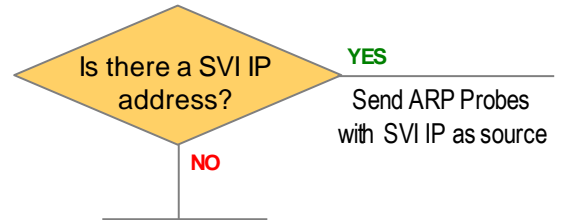
'ip device tracking probe auto-source fallback 0.0.0.1 255.255.255.0'



Derive source IP address for subnet based on wildcard bits and mask

E.g: For 192.168.1.0 (0.0.0.1) = 192.168.1.1

'ip device tracking probe auto-source fallback 0.0.0.1 255.255.255.0 override'



Derive source IP address for subnet based on wildcard bits and mask

Examples:

For 192.168.1.0 (0.0.0.1) = 192.168.1.1

For 172.16.0.0 (0.0.0.100) = 172.16.0.100





Conclusion

Cisco *live!*

# Key Takeaways



Start simple, start with monitor mode. Deploy in phases

IBNS 2.0 is flexible and extensible, Create once use many approach

Leverage IBNS 2.0 for enhanced capabilities; Critical ACL, Templates

Think of Identity, think of a system





Q & A

Cisco *live!*

# Complete Your Online Session Evaluation

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Thank you.

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