

Cisco IOS SIP Configuration Guide

Dialpeer Configuration

Terminology

- Call A connection terminating on or passing through a gateway.
- Call Leg The segment of a call associated with a particular signaling and transport technology, for example SIP or PSTN
- Service Provider the implementation of the Interface for a particular protocol (signaling stack)
- Interface (voice-port) A physical or logical connector that carries call legs. For example, an analog line or a T1/PRI span. The IP network is also modeled as an interface.
- Application (a.k.a. Session application) accepts and creates call-legs, provides feature platform.

Dial Peer

- A dial-peer is the entity to which a call is connected. Includes VoIP, Pots etc.
- Incoming dial-peers point to an application to handle an incoming call
- Outgoing dial-peers pick an interface,
 PSTN or SIP, to handle an outgoing call.

VoIP DialPeer

- Map phone numbers (E.164 addresses) or SIP URIs to IP addresses or DNS names
- Describe transport characteristics of the connection like: codec, vad, QoS, dtmf-relay type etc.
- Example:

```
dial-peer voice 111 voip
destination-pattern 60154
incoming called number 1001
session protocol sipv2
session target dns:sipserver1.hawaii.edu
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
codec g711ulaw
```

URI Matching

- From 12.3(4)T onwards, a voip dialpeer can be matched based on a sip: uri
- A voice class uri needs to be configured:

```
voice class uri SIP_1 sip user abc host sip.com
```

URI Matching contd...

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 On the dialpeer, the voice class needs to be associated with from, to or request uri.

```
dial-peer voice 111 voip
destination-pattern 60154
incoming called number 1001
incoming uri from SIP_1
session protocol sipv2
session target dns:sipserver1.hawaii.edu
....
```

VolP Dialpeer Matching Rule

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incoming uri request incoming uri to incoming uri from incoming called-number answer address destination-pattern

 Outbound dialpeer destination-uri destination-pattern

POTS Dialpeer

- Map phone numbers to voice ports.
- Destination-pattern is used to match an outbound dialpeer, incoming called-number is used to match an inbound dialpeer
- Example:
 - dial-peer voice 100 pots destination-pattern 9000 port 1/0/0
- Voice ports further specify signaling properties

Order of Dialpeer matching

- All matched dialpeer are sorted based on preference. Higher preference is given to dialpeers with an exact pattern match.
- Two dialpeers with the same pattern match will be tried in the order they were configured.
- preference command can be used to break the tie between two dialpeers with same match characteristics.

Number Translation using Translation Profile

- Voice Translation Profiles introduce a scheme to translate numbers.
- The translation rules replace a sub string of the input number if the number matches the match pattern, number plan, and type present in the rule.
- Called, Calling and Redirect-Called numbers can be defined in a translation profile. Each type of call number in the profile can have different translation rules.
- Translation profiles can be referenced on: Trunk Group, Source IP Group, Dial-Peer, Voice-Port, VoIP Incoming
- The voice translation rules use characters similar to Regular Expression Syntax (regexp)

Configuring Translation Rule

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Syntax:

Router(config)# voice translation-rule <num>

Router(cfg-translation-rule)# rule precedence /match-pattern/ /replace-pattern/ [type {match-type replace-type} [plan {match-type replace-type}]]

- Examples:
 - 1. This example replaces any occurrence of the number "123" with "456".

voice translation-rule 1

rule 1 /123/ /456/

2. Match 1# at the beginning and replace it with Null.

voice translation-rule 2

rule 2 /^1#/ //

3. Expand 5 digit number to 10 digits

voice translation-rule 3

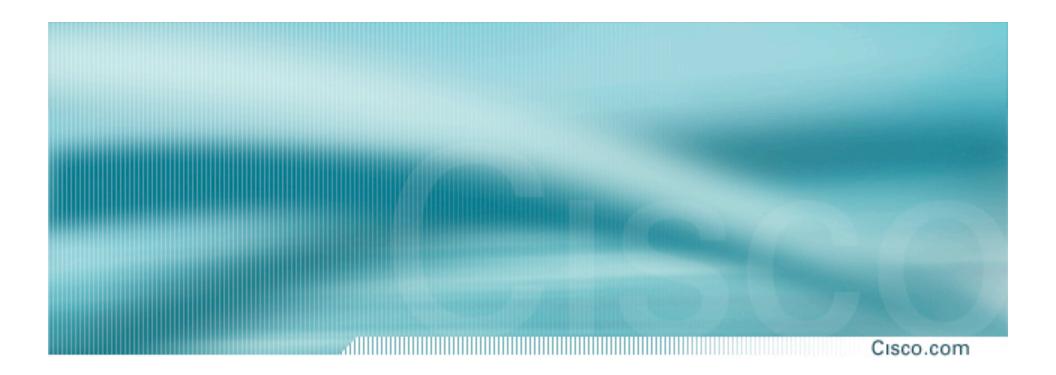
rule 3 /25555/ /91939&/

Configuring Translation Profile

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- Once a translation rule has been configured, translation profile can be configured by:
 voice translation-profile <name>
 translate called <translation-rule num>
 translate calling <translation-rule num>
 translate redirect-called <translation-rule num>
- Dial-Peer configuration:
 dial-peer voice <num> [pots|voip]
 translation-profile [incoming | outgoing] <name>
- For more information on number translation:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/tech/tk652/tk90/technologies_configuration_example09186a00803f818a.shtml



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SIP Feature Configuration

Reliable Provisional Response

- Gateway can be configured to send 18x response reliably as in RFC 3262.
- Global configuration is under voice-service voip; sip. It can also be configured on the voip dialpeer. Dialpeer configuration will take precedence over global configuration
- To configure it:
 - router# voice-service voip
 - router(conf-voi-serv)#sip
 - router(conf-serv-sip)# rel1xx [require|supported] 100rel
- Default mode is rel1xx supported 100rel

Codec configuration

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 Codec can be configured on the voip dialpeer using codec <codec> cli.

Example:

router# conf t router(config)#dial-peer voice 6 voip router(config-dial-peer)#codec g711ulaw

 Codecs configured on the outbound dialpeer will be sent in sdp of INVITE. Default codec is G729

Codec Configuration contd..

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 More than one codec can be configured using voice-class codec.

Example:

```
router# conf t
router(config)#voice class codec <num>
router(config-class)#codec preference 1 g711alaw
router(config-class)#codec preference 2 g711ulaw
On the dialpeer:
router(config)#dial-peer voice 6 voip
router(config)# voice-class codec <num>
```

Configuration under sip-ua

- Configurations specific to sip user agent are under sip-ua.
 Commonly used configs are message retry count, retry interval configs, configuring an outbound server
- Configuring number of retries.
 - router(config)# sip-ua
 router(config-sip-ua)# retry <message> <number>
- Signaling timer configuration.

```
router(config)# sip-ua
router(config-sip-ua)# timers <message> <timer-val>
```

sip-ua configurations contd...

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Configuring an outbound server

```
router(config)# sip-ua
router(config-sip-ua)# sip-server <server address>
On the outbound voip dialpeer:
router(config)#dial-peer voice 6 voip
router(config)# session-target sip-server
```

sip-ua Configuration contd ...

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 Overriding default SIP-PSTN disconnect cause code router(config)# sip-ua router(config)# set pstn-cause <num> sip-status <num> router(config)# set sip-status <num> pstn-status <num>

Range of sip-status is 400-699

Range of pstn-status is 1-127

Caller identity and Privacy

- IOS SIP gateway uses Remote-Party-ID header that identifies the calling party and carries presentation and screening information.
- Implementation is based on draft-ietf-privacy-.02.txt, SIP Extensions for Caller Identity and Privacy.
- For PSTN-SIP call, information from octet3a is used to create presentation and screening parameters in Remote-Party-ID header.
- For SIP-PSTN, presentation and screening parameters in Remote-Party-ID header is used to create octet3a information in ISDN SETUP.

Caller Identity and Privacy contd...

- Additional CLI commands allow alternative calling information treatments for calls entering the SIP trunking gateway. Configurable treatment options for SIP-PSTN:
 - Calling name and number pass-through (default).
 - No calling name or number sent in the forwarded Setup message.
 - Calling name unconditionally set to the configured string in the forwarded Setup message.
 - Calling number unconditionally set to the configured string in the forwarded Setup message.

Caller Identity and Privacy contd...

- Configurable treatment options for PSTN-SIP:
 - Calling name and number pass-through (default).
 - No calling name or number sent in the forwarded INVITE message.
 - Display-name of the From header unconditionally set to the configured string in the forwarded INVITE message.
 - User part of the From header unconditionally set to the configured string in the forwarded INVITE message.
 - Display-name of the Remote-Party-ID header unconditionally set to the configured string in the forwarded INVITE message.
 - User part of the Remote-Party-ID header unconditionally set to the configured string in the forwarded INVITE message.
- P-Asserted-Identity support will be available in a future release.

Addition SIP gateway features

- Call Transfer
- T.38 fax with fallback to fax-passthrough
- Buffered Calling-Name
- Registration
- Digest Authentication
- Call Redirection
- Ability to configure source address for signaling and media