

Article ID: 4984

# Access the CLI via PuTTY Using a Console Connection on 300 and 500 Series Managed Switches

# **Objective**

Switches can be accessed and configured through the Command Line Interface (CLI). Accessing the CLI allows commands to be entered in a terminal based window. For a user who has had more experience with terminal commands, this may be an easier alternative to navigating the web configuration utility. Certain tasks such as recovering an administrator password can only be performed through the CLI. In order to access the CLI you must use an SSH client. PuTTY is a standard SSH client and can be found <a href="here">here</a>. This document assumes you are connecting to the switch using PuTTY.

The objective of this document is to show you how to access a switch's Command Line Interface (CLI) with a Standard 9-pin Serial Cable and a Secure Shell (SSH) client.

Note: Cisco 200 Series Small Business Managed Switches do not support the CLI.

## **Applicable Devices**

- Cisco Small Business 300 Series Managed Switches
- Cisco Small Business 500 Series Managed Switches

### **Software Version**

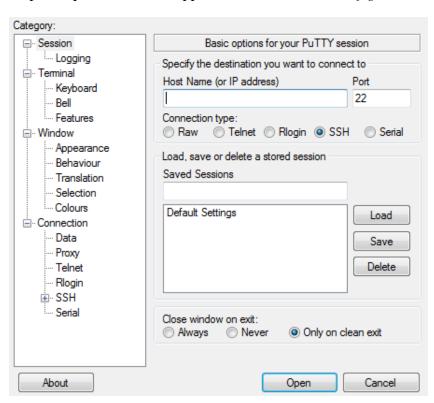
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### Accessing the CLI via PuTTY with a Console Connection

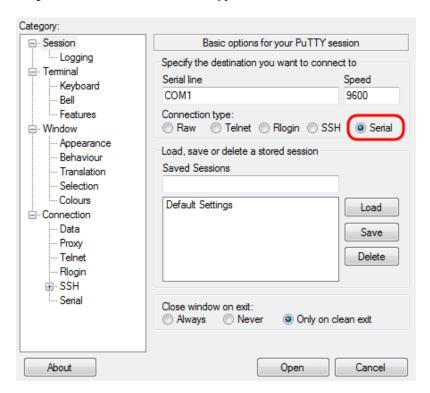
Step 1. Connect the switch to the computer using a standard 9-pin serial cable.

**Note:** The Cisco DB9 to RJ45 Console Cable also supports console connections, but only if the switch has an RJ45 Console port. An RJ45 Console port resembles an Ethernet port and is labeled CONSOLE on the back of the switch.

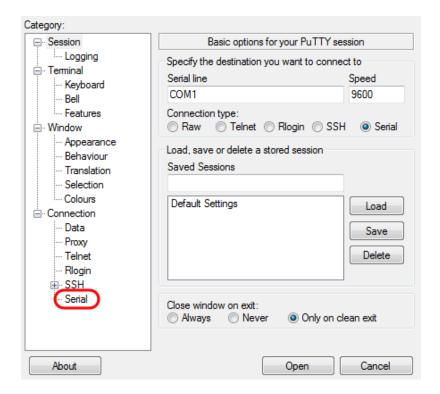
Step 2. Open the PuTTY application. The *PuTTY Configuration* window opens:



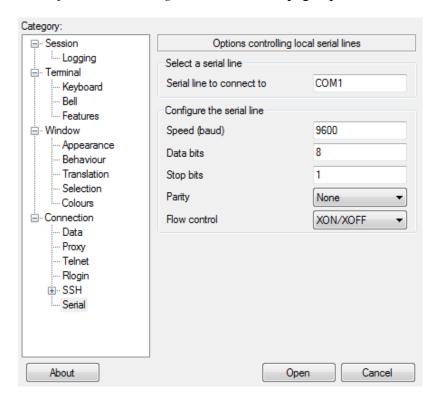
Step 3. Under the *Connection Type* field, click the **Serial** radio button.



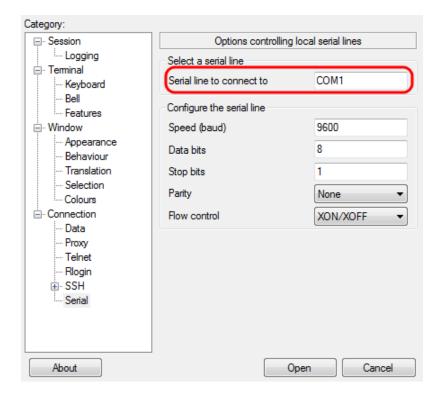
Step 4. In the *Category* navigation field, choose **Serial**.



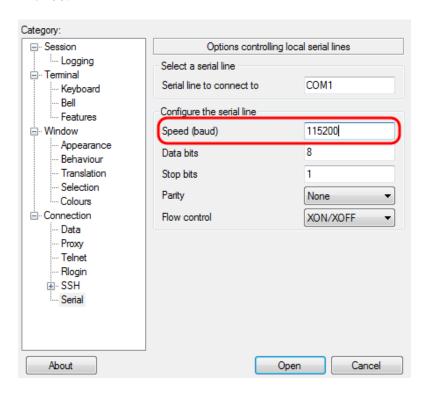
The Options controlling local serial lines page opens:



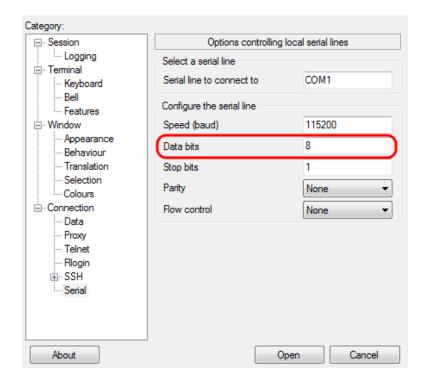
Step 5. In the *Serial line to connect to* field, enter the COM port that your device is connected to. The default COM port is COM1.



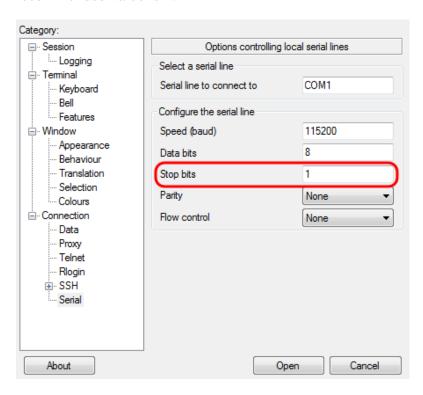
Step 6. In the *Speed (baud)* field, enter the digital transmission speed that is compatible with the switch. For 300 and 500 Series Managed Switches, the speed must be set to **115200**.



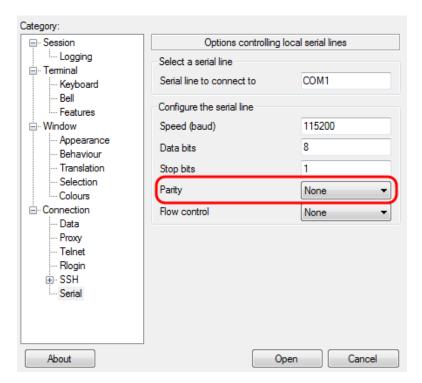
Step 7. In the *Data bits* field, enter the number of data bits used for each character. The recommended value is **8**.



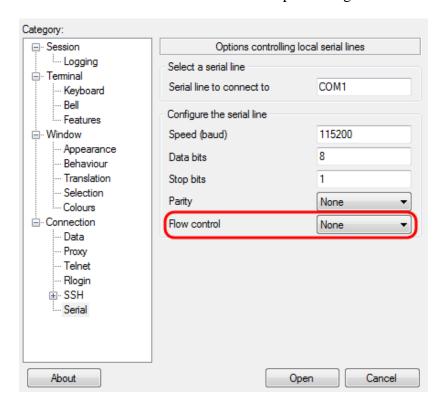
Step 8. In the *Stop bits* field, enter the number of bits to be sent at the end of every character. The stop bit informs the machine that it has reached the end of a byte. The recommended value is **1**.



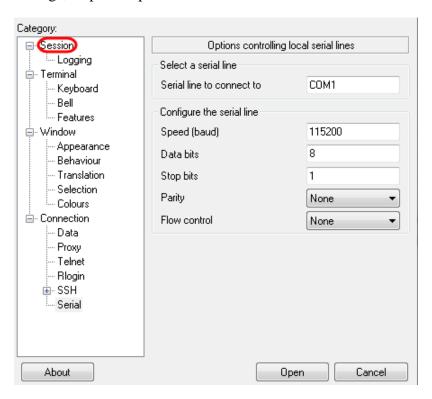
Step 9. In the *Parity* drop-down menu, select the method of detecting errors in transmission. The recommended method for detecting errors in transmission is **None**.



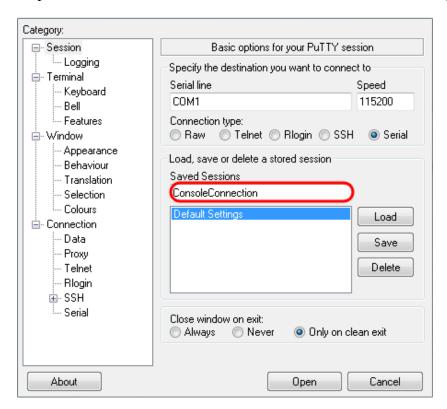
Step 10. In the *Flow Control* drop-down menu, select the method of preventing data overflow. The recommended method for preventing data overflow is **None**.



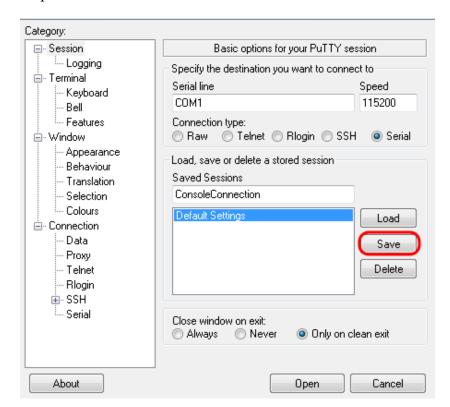
Step 11. (Optional) In order to save the connection settings for future use, go to the *Category* navigation pane and choose **Session**. If you do not wish to save the connection settings, skip to Step 14.



Step 12. Under the Saved Sessions field, enter a name for the settings to be saved as.



Step 13. Click Save.

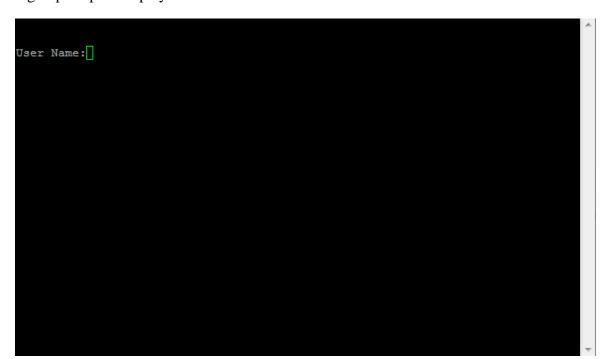


Step 14. Click Open.

- Session	Davis actions for your DuTTY on	
	Basic options for your PuTTY session	
Logging Terminal Keyboard Bell Features Features Appearance Behaviour Translation Colours Connection Data Proxy Telnet Rlogin Serial	Specify the destination you want to connect Serial line  COM1  Connection type:  Raw Telnet Rlogin SSH  Load, save or delete a stored session  Saved Sessions  ConsoleConnection  Default Settings  ConsoleConnection  Close window on exit:  Always Never Only on cl	Speed 115200  Serial  Load  Save  Delete
About	Open	Cancel

The COM1 - PuTTY console window opens.

Step 15. Hit **Enter** on the keyboard to activate the Command Line Interface (CLI). The log in prompt is displayed:



Step 16. Enter the User Name. The default username is cisco.

```
User Name:cisco
```

Step 17. Enter the Password. The default password is cisco.

```
User Name:cisco
Password:*****
```